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SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

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Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills makes a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

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CENTRE STREET, EBENSBURG.

THIS well-known and long established Shaving Parlor is now located on Centre street, opposite the livery stable of O'Hara, Davis & Luther, where the business will be carried on in the future. SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING done in the neatest and most artistic manner. Clean Towels a specialty.

☞ Ladies waited on at their residences.

JAMES H. GANT, Proprietor

TIPS FOR THE QUEEN.

They Are Called Perquisites, But She Gets Them Just the Same.

Queen Victoria gets more tips than any other functionary in Great Britain, and, what is more, she insists on getting them. Of course they are not called tips. They are called perquisites, but it is all the same. An ex-attache, writing in the New York Tribune, says that among the most curious of them is her right to every whale or sturgeon captured on the coast of the united kingdom and brought to land. Both of these perquisites date back to the days of the Norman kings and it appears that in the case of the whale the monsters were divided between the sovereign and his consort, the queen taking the head in order that her wardrobe might be replenished with the whalebone needed for the stiffening of her royal garments.

Another of the queen's backsheesh is a certain number of magnificent Cashmere shawls, which are dispatched to her every year from the kingdom of Cashmere. They vary in value, as a rule, from three hundred to twelve hundred dollars apiece and the queen is accustomed to present one of them as a wedding present to every young girl of the aristocracy or in whose future she is in any way interested. Every tailor holding a patent of "Purveyor to her Majesty," if he conforms to ancient tradition and usage, should present her with a silver needle each year.

Another class of royal purveyors is called upon to present annually to her a table cloth, while from other sources she is entitled to an annual contribution of such varied tips as white doves, white hares, curry combs, fire tongs, scarlet hosiery, nightcaps, knives, lances and crossbows. Moreover, at the coronation the lord of the manor of Addington must present to the sovereign a "dish of pottage" composed of "almond milk, brawn of capons, sugar, spices, chickens parpoiled and chopped." At the same ceremony the lord of the manor of Haydon is obliged by virture of his tenure from the crown to present the monarch with a towel, the lord of the manor of Workshop giving the sovereign a "right-handed glove." These are only a few of the various backsheesh to which Queen Victoria is entitled by tradition and usage.

How the Bee Sees.

We are so used to regarding the world around us from the standpoint of our own sight that it is hard to realize that to other creatures, far outnumbering us and, perhaps, quite as important in the economy of nature, it must look quite different. The honey bee, for example, is supplied with a pair of compound eyes with hundreds of facets, each capable of sight by itself, and several ocelli or little, simple eyes more closely allied to our own. How these eyes are used, what are their separate functions, what sort of images they can present to their owners, all remain questions as interesting and well-nigh unsolved as they were before the days of our powerful microscopes. Notwithstanding the fact that hundreds of entomologists have been and are interested in this subject, we yet are only at the stage where we can affirm that the honey bee sees a very different flower from the one in which we observe her in search for sweets, although of what that difference is and how it is produced we can form but little idea.

THE ORIGIN OF THINGS.

THE design of the American flag was probably borrowed from the family arms of Gen. Washington, which consisted of three stars in the upper portion and three bars across the escutcheon.

WATCHES originated at Nuremberg as early as 1477. They were at first called Nuremberg eggs, which they resembled both in shape and size. They were often fitted into the tops of walking-sticks.

THE first English book on stenography, so far as known, was written by Dr. Timothy Bright in 1588. Its earlier invention is attributed to the Latin poet Ennius, to Seneca, Cicero and several others.

GUNS are said to have been used by the Chinese before the beginning of the Christian era. The oldest dated piece of European artillery bears an inscription declaring that the gun was cast in 1303.

MARINE insurance was practiced in Rome B. C. 45. It was very general in Europe before the discovery of America, and it is altogether probable that the ships of Columbus were insured for their full value.

COATS of arms were first employed in England during the reign of Richard I., and became hereditary in families in the following century. They originated from the painted banners carried by knights and nobles.

MEMENTOES OF A PAST RACE.

PADUCAH, the Indian chief, gave his name to the Kentucky town.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., is an Indian name, meaning bear mountain.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., has an Indian name meaning a pleasant harbor.

AN Indian word meaning young grandmother gave a name to Kokomo, Ind.

COHASSET, Mass., was so called from an Indian term signifying place of pines.

MILWAUKEE was the Indian name of a Wisconsin river. It means rich country.

PEMBINA, the Dakota city, is said to have an Indian name meaning red berry.

CHICOPEE, Mass., was called from an Indian word signifying the birch bark place.

COCHITUATE, Mass., was named from an Indian word meaning the place of the falls.

KEOKUK, an Indian chief, furnished the name of an Iowa town. The word means sly fox.

THE Kaws or Kansas Indians gave a name to Kansas City, Mo. It was adopted in 1839.

Whistling on Shipboard.

Whistling—and let us honor this sweet tradition—is very much against the proprieties of sea life, writes Lieut. J. D. Jerrold Kelley, in an article on "Superstitions of the Sea," in Century. You may, in a calm, if not a landsman, woo with soothing whistle San Antonio or St. Nicholas, and a lagging wind may be spurred in consequence by these patron saints of the mariner; but once the ship is going, never, wise and wary passenger, whistle if you fear keelhauling, for like the padrone in the Golden Legend you may find

Only a little while ago,
I was whistling to St. Antonio
For a cap-full of wind to fill our sail,
And instead of a breeze he has sent a gale.

HORSES FOR UNCLE SAM.

Animals for Cavalry Service Obtained Very Cheaply.

The government has been picking up horses for the cavalry and artillery service very cheap in Washington and Oregon this summer. The average price paid was seventy-five dollars for each animal, which is uncommonly low when the style of animal required for the army is considered. A government purchasing agent says: "We inspected recently at The Dalles, Pendleton, Walla Walla, Ellensburgh and North Yakima, and at each place found about one hundred awaiting examination. I selected such as met the requirements, which are that they must be bays and grays, fifteen hands high and upward, and from four to eight years old. These were passed upon by the government officials, and, if found satisfactory, were accepted. They were purchased at a very low price, as the sellers had but little money, and were anxious to dispose of their stock. The animals bought are of fine class, and especially suited for cavalry purposes. The lowness of the cost of horses this year may be attributed to the small demand, which is insignificant when compared with the supply. Never before during the fifteen years or so that I have been inspecting horses for the government have I seen times so dull in the stock regions, or the stock dealers so anxious to sell their animals at a small price. The small demand is, of course, due to the supplanting of horse cars by electric and cable railways, the shutting down of logging camps and lumber industries on Puget sound, and the general dullness of trade. In Portland cars which would require thirty-five hundred horses are operated by cable and electricity. Then the freight cars operated on these steel railways have shut out trucks and delivery wagons on which a large number of horses were used."

SONGS OF THE BATTLEFIELD.

What Peculiar Associations Produce These Powerful Auxiliaries.

Association, which has so large a share in the operations of the human mind, often contributes much to the effect of music, says Laura A. Smith in Lippincott's. Some airs possessing no intrinsic merit owe their influence on the destinies of nations almost entirely to this principle. The making of a national song is one of the things to be attributed to happy accident; it cannot be accomplished by taking thought or by any amount of burning of the midnight oil. Monarchs have no power to command it, and often the greatest poets and musicians are most incapable of producing a truly national hymn. No, the great popular lyrics of the world have been the result of accident and the vent-hole of fiery feeling long confined. What but accident caused the song of "My Maryland" to prove the chant to which thousands of the soldiers of the confederacy kept time during 1861-65? And could anything be more fitly credited to chance than the extraordinary popularity of the "Malbrough's s'en va-t-en guerre," which was due to the fact of a provincial nurse having lulled to rest the little dauphin, the son of Louis XVI., with this air? Had he not written his one undying lyric, the "Marseillaise," probably Rouget de Lisle had never been heard of. And who speak of Max Schneckenburger when they talk of "Die Wacht am Rhein?" Verily, the making of a war song is a deed of arms, not a mere effort of the pen.

OUR LEGS TO VANISH.

In the Course of Another One Thousand Years Men May Cease Walking.

Dr. Emil Young, professor of physiology at the University of Geneva, is in great distress concerning the future of our legs. He suggests, in an essay in the Semaine Litteraire, says the Westminister Gazette, that in the course of one thousand years the human race may have lost the necessity of the use of legs, and retain those members of the body solely as ornamental survivals. Men refuse more and more to walk, though walking is the wholesomest of physical exercises. Steam, electricity, the rope railways, tricycles, and bicycles have changed the whole aspect of Swiss touring, as he says, in his own generation. "Everybody seems anxious to get everywhere any way except by the use of his legs." In another generation, he supposes, our traveling balloons will bang outside our windows, or our electrical coaches stand outside our doors. They will be produced so cheaply that every man will have his own chariot. Hence our legs will become superfluous, then they will be crippled, and shrunk to hideously small dimensions, until at last they will finally disappear. Our arms, on the contrary, will correspondingly strengthen and lengthen. "While our legs remain," says Dr. Young, "let us march all we can."

NAMED AFTER THE PRESIDENTS

Philadelphia Maintains Her Record for Patriotism in Her Nomenclature.

Of the twenty-three presidents of the United States John Adams has the largest number of namesakes, twenty-three, in the Philadelphia directory. James Buchanan ranks next, twenty-one men of nearly as many vocations bearing the name of the only Pennsylvania president. There are fifteen Andrew Jacksons and fourteen Andrew Johnsons. The name of the father of his country is borne by eight day laborers, one caterer, two waiters, one janitor, and one real estate dealer, or thirteen men in all, says the Record.

The grandfather of Benjamin Harrison has three namesakes, while one laborer and one upholsterer have the name of Tippecanoe's grandson. There are four James Monroes and the same number called John Quincy Adams. One hostler, one puddler, and a weaver are known as James Madison, and a bartender, a clerk, and a superintendent answer to the name of Zachary Taylor. There is but one Thomas Jefferson, whose occupation is not given, and the only John Tyler is a weaver. A brakeman and a minister of the Gospel are Franklin Pierces, but there is nobody with the name of Presidents Van Buren, Polk, Fillmore, Lincoln, Grant, Hayes, Garfield, Arthur, or Cleveland, except as a handle to the surname.

—Coming and Going.—Collector (mad)—"When are going to pay this bill?" Debtor—"Never. What's the use? As long as you are coming after it, why should I be going to pay it?"—Detroit Free Press.

TOOK HALF IN RATS.

How China's Dowager Empress Mitigated the Force of the Pestilence.

A recent number of the North China Herald, just received in this city, tells this story of the Empress Dowager of China:

"A rather good story is told among the Chinese about the empress dowager and the plague. The empress keeps constantly burning, day and night, in her palace, eighteen lamps, which represent the eighteen provinces of China. Not long ago one of the lamps, although it received precisely the same attention as all the others, was burning very badly, and the empress sent for the chief imperial astronomer to learn the reason. The chief astronomer having carefully considered the matter and consulted the archives, told the empress that the lamp which was burning so badly represented the province of Canton, which was about to be afflicted with a serious epidemic, in which the god of pestilence had determined to take off eight-tenths of the people.

"The empress was very much concerned at being told this, and asked the chief astronomer how such a dreadful doom might be averted from eight-tenths of her people in the province. The chief astronomer said that the god might perhaps be moved by prayer and offerings, and everything was done to placate him by the empress dowager's orders. After this the chief astronomer was asked what success had been achieved, and, after much consideration and consultation, he replied that the god of pestilence had consented to compromise—but this was absolutely the best he could do—for four-tenths human beings and four-tenths rats. Thus the frightful mortality of rats and human beings at Canton this spring is explained."

HAVE THEIR OWN METHODS.

The Cassowaries Pursue a Plan of Their Own for Catching Fish.

The methods employed by the cassowary in catching fish differ materially from those of the common fish-hawk. The fish-hawk employs very much the same methods as the birds of prey, while the cassowary fishes according to a method of its own and uses a good deal of strategy. A number of years ago I was standing near the bank of a river when I saw a cassowary come down to the water's edge and stand for some minutes, apparently watching the water carefully. It then stepped into the river where it was about two feet deep, and, squatting down, spread its wings out, submerged them, the feathers being spread and ruffled. The bird remained perfectly motionless and kept its eye closed, as if in sleep. It remained in this position at least half an hour, when it suddenly closed its wings, and, straightening its feathers, stepped out on the bank. Here it shook itself several times, whereupon a number of small fishes fell out of its wings from amid its feathers, which the bird immediately picked up and swallowed. The fishes had evidently mistaken the feathers for a kind of weed that grows along the river bank and which resembles the feathers of the cassowary. The smaller fishes often seek a hiding place in these weeds to avoid the larger ones that prey upon them.

TIME AT THE NORTH POLE.

The Man Who First Reaches That Point Will Meet with Surprises.

If ever the north pole is reached the adventurous spirits who get there will find that they have actually outstripped Father Time altogether; in fact, he will have given up the rate entirely, for at the northern and southern extremities of the earth's axis there is no fixed time at all, says the London Globe. At any moment it can be noon or midnight, breakfast time or supper time, work time or play time, whichever one likes. Clocks will be a fraud and delusion, for at the pole all degrees of longitude converge into one, and therefore all times. The possibilities of such a position are endless. Not only, too, will the clocks be out, but the calendar as well. It can be, at will, either yesterday or to-day, or to-morrow. We have heard a lot of foolish people ask what the use and pleasure can be of getting to the north pole, but a little reflection will show us advantages can be gained there which cannot be found in any other part of the globe. There, at any rate, instead of being like the poor inhabitants of lower latitudes, the slaves of time, we can turn the tables and be its masters.

MEMORIAL SERVICE.

Sixteen Hungry Boys Filled with Veal Pie in Dickens' Pieshop.

An exchange tells the following story of the pieshop in London before which Charles Dickens used to stand when, as a child, he drudged in a blacking factory. Every day, on the way to and from his work, he paused to devour the viands with his eyes, and sometimes he pressed his tongue to the window-pane, as if by so doing he got a taste of the good things which were "so near and yet so far."

An American railroad man who admires Dickens hunted up his pieshop when in London in order to gratify his curiosity and his sentiment. It proved to be a mere box of a place in a poor quarter of the city, but the original business was still carried on there. As the traveler peered into the shadowy interior, a voice was heard at his elbow:

"Please, sir, will you buy me a weal pie?"

The owner of the voice was a small, disheveled person, with whom a pie of veal, or anything else of a "hearty" nature, would have agreed right well.

"How many boys do you think this shop will hold?" asked the American.

"I dunno. About fifteen or sixteen, I should think."

"Well, go and get fifteen boys, and bring them back here."

The boy studied the man's face for a moment, as if to make sure that he was in the enjoyment of his senses, and then with a yell hurried into a side street. Hardly a minute elapsed before he returned at the head of a procession of sixteen gamins, of assorted sizes, unanimous in appetite and hope.

This ragged battalion assembled close behind its benefactor and followed him into the shop, where he announced that he was going to give all the boys all the pie they wanted. They wanted a great deal, as it proved; their capacity for "weal pie" was something marvelous. But their benefactor was as good as his word, and sixteen happy and satisfied boys left the shop singing his praise.

ENGLISH LIFE.

As It Is Viewed By an Educated Native of the Orient.

Behvamji Malabari, of India, who visited England in 1890, considered the English climate as the most remarkable of all the things that came under his notice. He thinks a race that could conquer such a climate and carve the comforts of life out of it, deserves dominion over all the elements of nature. He says, in "The Indian Eye On English Life," that it makes one laugh to hear the English talk of their "fine day."

One may speak of a fine five minutes, a fine half hour or hour—nothing beyond that, so far as I could see.

The climate of a country reflects itself pretty clearly in the temper, habits and general surroundings of the people. It is mainly the climate, and the peculiar mode of life which the people have to live in obedience to climatic influences, that make them so keen about everything.

The quantity and the manner of their eating puzzled and sometimes frightened me. Men and women eat freely at shops, in the streets, train, 'bus, or railway carriage. There is an absence of delicacy and deliberation about the matter, at which the grave oriental may well lift his eyebrows.

In no respect, perhaps, does the average Englishman show himself so slow of imagination and wanting in taste as with respect to his daily food. He eats what his fathers ate before him. The cook knows nothing of proportion in seasoning his food; knows little of variety, and has a rough, slovenly touch. The English are heavy eaters, as a rule. I have never had a regular dinner with friends while in England, being unaccustomed both to their hours and their dishes. But I have had to put in an appearance at lunch or breakfast, to catch a friend about to leave town.

On one such occasion I saw a company of poets, philosophers and fanatics at table, presided over by a young lady, the daughter of the house. I sat there, wiping my forehead—they did the eating, I the perspiring—as I saw slices of beef disappearing, with vegetables, mustard, etc. I was pressed to join, but pretended to make a horrified protest.

The host then asked me slyly what I thought of the food and their mode of eating. I replied, instinctively: "It is horrible."

The reply set the gentlemen roaring, and my hostess blushing. But I could not help saying what I felt. How can a little stomach hold such an enormous lunch? The waste of vitality in their climate, and under their conditions of life, must be enormous; and it has, of course, to be replaced.

BURIAL OR CREMATION?

What the Noted French Authors Have to Say Concerning Them.

Some of the noted French authors have been giving a Paris editor their preferences in regard to burial or cremation. The Boston Herald summarizes their expressions: Alphonse Daudet says, as to being buried or cremated, that either would be exceedingly disagreeable to him, and when one remembers that Daudet is a great sufferer from an incurable disease his answer is a triumph of hope. Henri de Bornier frankly curses the editor for spoiling his dinner by such a query, and Armand Sylvester is very French and poetic, for his says: "To become a puff of smoke in the sky or a blade of grass over a grave, that is the choice given to us. Well, I prefer the ground, from which flowers spring for lovers." Sarcey, the great critic, replies: "Theoretically, cremation appears to me the favorable method of disposing of the rubbish, the body, but I am not intolerant or exclusive in anything." "Burned! burned!" writes Sardou. "It will afford me great pleasure to be burned. Warmly yours." Another author says: "You ask me which I prefer, to be burned or buried? After mature reflection, I regret to say that I desire neither the one nor the other." Emile Zola signs his name to the most sensible "preference" of the lot. He writes: "My personal choice in the matter I have not yet considered, and I believe it is best to leave the thing to the decision of the loving ones we leave behind us. They alone can have pain or pleasure in it."

ETIQUETTE FOR GIRLS.

ALWAYS rise for an older person.

IN entering a room the gentleman always follows the young lady.

THE young lady always seats herself first before any gentleman will do so.

IN making introductions the young man is always presented to the girl, never the other way round.

IT is a lady's place to recognize a gentleman first, as it depends on her whether the acquaintance continues or not.

NEVER introduce any young man to your girl friends without first asking their permission, and then say: "Miss D., I want to present (or introduce) Mr. A. to you."

IT is sufficient to acknowledge an introduction by a simple bow, unless there is some special reason for more cordial forms. Handshaking is not good form in an introduction in a ballroom.

HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

TO REMOVE odors from a sick room, it is a good plan to sprinkle coarse ground coffee on a shovelful of burning coals, and thrust it into all the corners of the room.

HARD putty may be easily softened by passing a red-hot flat piece of iron over it, so that it can then be removed with the fingers or the edge of a knife, without any difficulty.

CAKE needs to rise to its full height before browning, especially sponge cake. The lightness of this cake depends, first on thorough beating, second on baking just right.

TRY.

IN the water for purple and blue calicoes, soda added.

PURIFYING jars from grease, by soaking in strong soda water.

FOR washing ceilings blackened by a kerosene lamp, soda water.

IN the rinsing water for pink or green calicoes, vinegar added.

WASHING an oilcloth with a flannel and warm water, wiping dry, and rubbing a little skim milk over.—Good Housekeeping.

NAPOLEON FOND OF HOMER.

He Thought the Poet Was the Encyclopedia of His Time.

The emperor, says Figaro, admired Homer in every way, and thus expressed himself on the subject:

"The Iliad, as much as Genesis and the Bible, is the sign and token of its time. Homer in his work is poet, orator, legislator, geographer and theologian; he is the encyclopedist of his time. Homer is inimitable. Father Hardouin had the temerity to impugn this sacred monument of antiquity and to attribute it to a monk of the tenth century, an impertinent imbecility. Never have I been struck with his beauties as now (1816), and the sensations which he aroused in me confirm the justice of the approbation accorded to him by the whole world. What strikes me especially in reading the pages of his work is the grossness of the customs as compared with the elevation of the thought of the epoch. We see heroes killing their own beef, preparing it with their own hands, and yet pronouncing discourses of rare eloquence and worthy of a high civilization. In the Odyssey I greatly disapprove of the combat of Isus against Ulysses on the threshold of his own palace, both disguised as beggars. I consider this episode wretched, coarse, unbecoming and unworty of a king. * * * And then, after having eliminated everything that I find objectionable, I feel what still affects me. I put myself in his place, I am seized with the fear of being beaten by a common fellow. It is not given to every prince, to every general, to have the shoulders of his guards or of his grenadiers, to convert himself into a street porter at will.

"The good Homer remedies all this by making his heroes so many colloss; but this is not the case with us. What chance would we have if we still lived in the happy days in which physical strength was the real scepter? It would come to this, that Noverras, my valet, who waits upon us, would be king over us all. We must agree, then, that civilization does everything for the mind, and favors it exclusively at the expense of the body."

ANNOUNCING A KING'S DEATH.

How the News Was Spread That Victoria Was Queen.

Some quaint and delightful glimpses of "Old Windsor" are given by Lady Elvey in her "Life and Reminiscences of G. J. Elvey, Knt." Here, for instance, is an announcement of the death of King William, which probably is a unique delivery by one of the men to whose lot it has fallen "to tell sad stories of the death of kings:"

Roach, the belfry keeper, says the Westminster Gazette, seems to have received a broad hint that the king was near his end, and waited about until he received the news that all was over, when with haste he repaired to the deanery, arousing the inmates by ringing the bell at the cloister entrance with all his might and main. It was useless for the butler to ask him, "What do you want here at this time of night?" His business was with the dean and no one else. This distinguished person, aroused from his slumbers and clad, not in his surplice, but in another garment which should be "always white," called from the top of the stairs: "What is the matter, Roach?" "Billy be dead. Be I to ring the bell?" "What Billy?" "The king, to be sure." "Oh, yes, Roach; you may toll the bell." Thus was the news spread that the king was dead, and that the young Princess Victoria was queen.

STAIRS IN SAMOA.

How a Little Islander Carried Water to a Second-Story Room.

In Samoa, where he makes his home, Robert Louis Stevenson has done much in the way of instructing the natives in European methods of work. He tells an amusing story in this connection. A new house boy had been engaged, and on his arrival was lost in awe and admiration of the magnificence of the mansion.

He was given a large bucket of water and told to take it to the bedroom up above. He looked up and, pointing, asked if it was there. On being answered in the affirmative, he seized the bucket in his teeth, and before anyone could remonstrate he had rushed up one of the posts of the veranda. The whole family ran up the staircase, and when they showed him that that was the usual method of getting to these rooms, he was overpowered with delight, and for two or three days could do absolutely nothing but race up and downstairs, chuckling and crowing in an ecstasy of joy. And when detachments of his friends came to visit him they were always taken to see the stairs the first thing.

SCIENCE IN COREA.

It Explains Phenomena in a Way Peculiarly Its Own.

Education in Corea is of the Chinese order—the committal of whole books to memory. On all other subjects than knowledge of Chinese, says the Boston Transcript, ignorance is the fashion when it is not a reality. Philosophical speculation is stated to be common, but Corean notions of natural science are indeed very chaotic, if the following story may be accepted: "A well-known merchant of Chemulpo was asked by one of his native employes—a man of some education—whether or not he had ever seen a sparrow which had died a natural death. The person questioned did not remember that he had. He was then asked how the foreign servants accounted for such a phenomenon, for such it was, considering the vast number of sparrows in the world and the huge families they raise every year. The answer to this query being unsatisfactory, the Corean gave his explanation, which was a popular one. He said that dying sparrows betook themselves to the seashore, dived into the mud and became clams 'How else', he triumphantly added, 'could you account for the number of clams along the coast?'

Unmanned His Opponent.

Dramatic effects are hazardous agencies to use, as it is not impossible to spoil them by an anti-climax—as a member of the English parliament found when, at the close of a fiery adjuration to the government to declare war, he cried out: "Unsheath the sword!" and, drawing a dagger, threw it on the floor. "Ah!" coolly said an opponent; "there is the knife, but where is the fork?" A shout of laughter was the result.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - NOVEMBER 2, 1894.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
WILLIAM M. SINGERLY,
of Philadelphia.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN S. RILLING,
of Erie.

For Auditor General,
DAVID F. MAGEE,
of Lancaster.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs,
WALTER W. GREENLAND,
of Clarion.

For Congress at Large,
THOMAS COLLINS, of Centre.
HENRY S. MYERS, of Allegheny.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Congress,
THOMAS J. BURKE, of Altoona.

For Sheriff,
ROBERT H. NIXON,
of Johnstown.

For Assembly,
J. B. DENNY,
of Ebensburg.
JOHN RICKETTS,
Reade township.

For Poor Director,
JAMES FLINN,
of Johnstown.

For Jury Commissioner,
ANSELM WEAKLAND,
of Carroll township.

Two months have elapsed since the Wilson bill passed and times have already began improving.

THE workingman who votes the Republican ticket votes that he may be taxed for the benefit of others.

VOTE early on Tuesday and after voting don't rest until every Democratic vote in the district is polled. A return of prosperity is bringing confidence to the people and Democrats should stand by their guns.

GENERAL HASTINGS in his tour through the state is wrestling with the tariff, a question with which he as governor will have nothing to do. On the question of the equalization of taxes in this state he is as dumb as an oyster.

THE Protectionists who are so confident of sweeping the country three days hence were equally confident of a big sweep on the eve of the great snow storm of two years ago. It is an old confidence game; and very often it fails to work.

HON. DAVID WILLS, Republican candidate for President Judge of the Adams-Fulton Judicial district died suddenly at his residence in Gettysburg on Saturday afternoon. The Republican conferees of the two counties have been summoned to fill the vacancy.

SHERMAN, Reed and Depew have abandoned high protection and McKinley alone, among Republican leaders sounds the praises of the McKinley bill. A few little fellows through the country are still followers of McKinley but they are fast getting in out of the rain.

THE earthquake which was felt throughout the Argentine Republic, Saturday, was most severe in the provinces of San Juan de la Frontera and Rioja. Many churches, theatres and private houses were destroyed. Twenty persons are known to have perished. The inhabitants are in a state of panic, fearing a repetition of the shock.

SINGERLY and Hastings have signed articles for a joint debate at Norristown on Saturday evening. Two meetings are to be held, one at the opera house, under the auspices of the Republicans, and the Democratic gathering is to be held in the court house. Each speaker will be allowed thirty minutes at each meeting. Both candidates are guaranteed fair treatment.

A DISPATCH to the London *Pall Mall Gazette* on Wednesday afternoon from Livadia says that the the Czar of Russia, is dying. The dispatch adds that his left lung is so seriously inflamed that all hope has been abandoned and that the news of his death may be expected at any moment. The officials of the Russian Embassy received a telegraphic message Wednesday saying that the end of the Czar's life may be expected at any moment.

THE farmers are great beneficiaries of the new tariff, for nearly every article they buy, such as cotton bagging, cotton ties, calico, plows, trace chains, barbed wire, nails, axes, hoes, etc., have been cheapened under the new law. It will be strange indeed if the farmers desert the Democratic party, which has removed so many burdens from their backs, and affiliate with the Republican party, which still declares its purpose to again oppress them if it regains power.

It is stated at the postoffice department that the abuses of the Congressional franking privileges have been reported by the agents of the department in the case of three Repulican representativas in congress who have permitted Republican campaign literature to be sent out with their signitures franked on the document. It is said by postoffices department officials that it is almost impossible to detect infractions of the law in this respect, as there is no authority to open mail, and it is only when the wrappers on matter burst that the fact becomes known.

A FACT that no amount of calamity wailing can obscure or controvert: As soon as the reform tariff law went into effect business and industries immediately begun to improve in every section of the country. It is likewise a fact that no amount of clamor or falsehood can deny, viz: As soon as the McKinley monopoly tariff law went into effect reductions of wages, labor riots, business depression, bank failures and financial stringency began. During the first two years of the McKinley law wages were reduced in over 1,300 instances and increased in no instance.

GOVERNOR BOIES of Iowa says since the Republican party was organized the country has passed through three financial panics, including the present, and every one of them can be traced to some well known act of that party, and no one of them to any act of the Democratic party.

The first, in 1857, was the result of the success of the party in most of the Northern states on a purely sectional issue that involved the country in our civil war.

In 1873 the Republican party being in undisputed control of every branch of the national government, silver was demonetized and the panic of that period followed.

In 1893 a looted treasury, turned over to the Republicans four years before overflowed with gold, together with vicious legislation, for which that party and none other was responsible, brought on our present panic.

It is enough to make decent men of all parties blush with shame to see men who ought to be above the ways of the ward politician strive to fasten the responsibility for this panic on a party that has not enacted a law in thirty years; that has been absolutely powerless to establish a policy of any kind or shape in the least degree the financial or business policy of this great nation.

The flimsy and frivolous pretext upon which this claim is based is a want of confidence by the people of the United states in a party upon which they themselves conferred the only power it can possibly exercise, and this, too, before a single act of that party legislative, political or otherwise, has been accomplished.

The charge is an insult to the intelligence of every American citizen and so flagrantly false that none but the most ignorant could accept it as true. And yet it is with this charge that Republican politicians the country over are striving to whip back into the Republican party the workingmen of this nation that they may thereby again gain control of the government, the affairs of which for more than a quarter of a century they have managed in the interests of the rich at the expense of the poor.

"ANOTHER charge against me is that I am opposed to secret societies. I am opposed to nothing that has for its object our betterment. I am in favor of all kinds of associations and societies and brotherhoods that mean a common fellowship and equal rights to all; but, when a society which in secrecy and in the dark strikes at a man for his principles or his religion, and when that society pretends to claim a reverence for the American flag, and tries to drag that emblem of liberty down into the dirt and dust and stops a man for his religion or belief, I am opposed to it, and thank God for it. I permit no society, no set of men, to tell me how my children shall be taught their prayers. At their mother's knee they shall worship God according to their consciences, and according to their hearts; and by the grace of God, and while I live, so help me God, I will evermore venerate that God for it."—From Candidate Singerly's speech at Ashland.

THE new treatment by inoculation for diphtheria and croup as practiced in France is the subject of a special report to the department of state by United States Consul C. W. Chancelor at Havre. He says that by this method of treatment only one out of four diphtheritic patients succumbs, whereas the figure is double for other methods of treatment heretofore employed. Consequently the Consul, who is a Baltimore physician of repute, says that it would seem very desirable that the anti-diphtheritic serum should be introduced and come into general use at the earliest period practicable in America, where many thousand children and numerous physicians, students and nurses die annually from diphtheria and croup.

TUESDAY next is election day and it behooves every Democrat in Cambria county to go to the polls and vote. Cambria is a close county politically but we have a majority if we get out our vote. After the election, if we should find some of our candidates defeated by a small margin it will be a source of regret to consider that there were a sufficient number of Democrats abstained from voting to have changed the result. We have a good ticket, all men worthy of the support of every Democrat and we owe it to our party, our candidates and ourselves to give them every Democratic vote. Go and vote and then see that your neighbor votes.

DESPITE the clerical error in the marriage license bill by which it is made to read as going into effect October 1, 1895, instead of October 1, 1893, couples intending to marry will have to procure a license as heretofore. The mistake does not lessen the force of the original act of 1885, for the amendment of 1893 did not annul the act of 1895, it simply supplemented it. Attorney General Hensel, when questioned formally on the subject last year, wrote to the clerk of the license court at Philadelphia, telling him to advise all inquirers that it was still needful to procure a license in order to secure legal solemnization of marriage.

THE employes of the Western New York and Pennsylvania railway held a meeting last week to decide what action should be taken towards securing a restoration of the 10 per cent. reduction which was made seven months ago. The men decided not to strike, but to seek restoration by bringing suit in the courts. It was unanimously decided that the men should sue the road on this proposition. The men claim to have a precedent in the case of the Omaha and St. Louis railway, which road was compelled by the courts to restore a reduction.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 27, 1894.—President Cleveland is again at the White House. He is in robust health and, like all other Democrats, in splendid spirits, on account of the clearing aspect of the Democratic skies. This has been a good week at the head quarters of the Democratic congressional campaign committee. From every direction comes news of a decided improvement in business and consequently in Democratic prospects. Even in New York city, where it looked for a time as though five or six seats in the house were to be presented to the Republicans by running two Democratic candidates in each district, the tangle is being straightened out, thanks to the hard work of Senators Hill and Faulkner and the good advice of President Cleveland, and the election of Democrats from all the city districts made certain. "If the election could be postponed thirty days," said a member of the congressional committee, "it would add at least thirty to the Democratic majority in the next house."

Postmaster General Bissell has the right idea of the postal service. Speaking of an order sent out by him this week, calling the attention of postal employes to that portion of the civil service law which prohibits forced political contributions from federal employes, he said: "The post office department is a business, not political institution. It has been my endeavor to conduct it on business principles, so as to give the people the best possible mail facilities. We do not want the service crippled or interrupted for political advantage. Those are ideas that will make votes among business men."

Chief Clerk Daniels, of the Interior department, who has just returned from North Carolina, is regarded as high authority on the politics of that state, and his view of the situation there widely differs from that which populists and Republicans are giving out. He says: "The Republicans and populists have affected a fusion, so far as formality goes, but many in both parties repudiate it. Together they have 12,000 more votes in the state than the Democrats, and the problem is to mass them. If it could succeed they would carry the state, but it is not universal. My own opinion is that the Democrats will carry seven districts. The legislature, which will elect two U. S. Senators, will surely be Democratic on joint ballot. The Democratic judicial ticket will, I think, be elected, although that isn't as certain as Democratic control of the legislature" Members of the Democratic congressional committee regard the predictions of Mr. Daniels as very conservative.

Mr. W. A. Croffut, a well-known journalist, who was lately dropped from the pay rolls of Uncle Sam, has turned Democrat after losing his office, thus differing from those who have pretended to turn Democratic to keep their offices. He is now on the stump in Chairman Wilson's district. His reasons for becoming a Democrat, as told by himself, are good ones. He says: "I went to England. I found that in that country under free trade they had lower wages than here. I then thought the protectionist policy a good thing. I then went to Germany, where they have our policy of protection. I found that wages were lower there than in England. I then went to France, where they have a high protective tariff, even between different divisions of the country, and there I found wages still lower than in Germany. I began to think then. I saw that something was wrong. I found that it was in the protective system, and that is one of the many reasons why I have changed my views and am now a Democrat."

Commissioner of pensions Lochren says of the bureau's letter to a postmaster, which the Republicans have printed as a campaign document: In adjudicating a pension case it always has been the practice of the bureau to call on postmasters in the locality where the affiant resides for information as to his credibility. Postmasters sometimes object to giving this information, particularly when the information is derogatory to the character of the affiant, without some assurance that their communications will be held confidential. It was in answer to an inquiry from postmaster F. R. Sparling, at Granville, Ohio, as to whether such information would be held as confidential that the letter which is being given publicity was written. No similar letter has been sent out unless in answer to a similar inquiry." No comment is needed.

Somebody seems to have mixed those babies up, in regard to the intentions of the administration in appointing Indian agents. Instead of supplanting the army officers now acting as Indian agents with civilians, as was published, it is intended to supplant the civilian Indian agents with army officers as fast as vacancies occur. Quite a difference. M.

Played His Last Prank.

HARRISBURG, October 31.—John R. Englebert, a civil engineer, was shot in mistake for a White Cap or a burglar by a boy whom he was trying to frighten at Rife, Dauphin county, last night. Englebert was home on a vacation from Tennessee, where he is general manager of a coal and iron company. He approached the house of Uriah Koppenheffer and asked to be allowed to enter. No one was at home save Edward, Mr. Koppenheffer's son, and he told him he could not enter. Englebert insisted, and was told he would be shot if he attempted to get in.

During the controversy the door opened. Englebert wore a cap made of a white handkerchief and rushed in head first, crying: "I am a White Cap!" Edward fired as he entered, the shot taking effect near the left shoulder, killing him instantly. Koppenheffer says he supposed Englebert to be a burglar.

Japan Considering Affairs.

WASHINGTON, October 31.—Late mail advices at the Japanese legation show that the Japanese are considering what terms they shall make with China after the fall of Pekin. It is suggested that the Japanese army occupy the captured districts; that the Chinese being the worst governed people in the world, will be the easiest to bring under a foreign yoke. "The Chinese under the mild and civilized rule of Japan would," it is said, "soon learn that they would fare better than under their old masters. That would assuredly be the case in respect to material prosperity, and an important matter would in itself satisfy them."

Standard Oil Works Burned.

Cleveland, October 31.—One of the largest fires at the Standard Oil Works for years broke out near tank No. 13 this afternoon. Three alarms were sent in and the Fire Depaatment responded promptly, but the engines were of little service, as the tank was too far away for the throwing of water with any of their apparatus to the oil works.

RECENT earthquakes in Japan have caused the death of 260 persons and destroyed 3,000 houses.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Wrecked by Earthquake.

Buenos Ayres, October 30.—From La Rioja comes word that that city was ruined by Saturday night's earthquake. The schools, churches and public edifices are all thrown down. The people are camping out in the neighborhood Comparatively few were killed, as there was a general rush into the open when the first shock came.

At times the shocks lasted twenty six seconds The scene was a horrible one, women shrieking and fainting on every hand as the walls came crushing down. Two Sisters of Mercy were killed, and many more are now entombed beneath the ruins.

The governor fears that the killed and wounded throughout the province must number at least 2,000, as many of the outlying towns also suffered greatly.

From San Juan come reports that the shocks continued during the night, though they were less violent in character. Not a house in the town is without damage. It is reported that in various parts of the province the ground opened and a geyser of boiling water and mud spouted forth.

Couriers continue to arrive here with news of the damage wrought in the various department and towns. The village of Del Abordon has been completely swallowed up in the huge gaps which opened in the ground.

A dispatch from the government engineer at San Juan states that the people are regaining confidence. The town is desolate, but the people are returning by degrees to their houses. The principal damages were to government buildings. A few churches have had their walls cracked.

The provinces at La Rioja and San Juan were the center of the seismic wave.

No License Needed.

Pittsburg, October 30.— William Reardon, Esq., in criminal court today raised a point of law which amounts to a legal sensation. He was defending Thomas McQuirk, charged with perjury for falsely swearing to the age of the woman he married, and Mr. Reardon moved to quash the indictment on the ground that there was no such offense under the law, as the marriage license was not in force and no license was required to be taken out by the parties who desire to be married.

This caused Judge Magee to remark; "Why, Mr. Reardon, you surely don't make such a statement in earnest."

"I do, your honor, and I can prove it. The marriage license act was passed in 1885, and was amended in 1893. By that amendment on and after Oct. 1, 1895, parties desiring to be married in this state must take out a license"

The acts of 1885 and 1893 were sent for and read to the court. Judge Magee said that if the act was correctly printed Mr. Reardon was right and the present marriage license law would not be in force until 1895. By agreement of counsel, a certified copy of the act was sent for and the trial proceeded.

The point is a new one and if sustained will make Pennsylvania a regular Gretna Green, as any one can then be married in this state without a license.

Offers of Reward.

Washington, October. 30—In view of the great number of postoffice burglaries and highway mail robberies, the postmaster general to-day issued offers of reward, as follows: "One thousand dollars for the conviction of any person, in any United States court, on the charge of robbing the mails while being conveyed in a mail car attached to a train.

"Five hundred dollars for the conviction of any person, in any United States court, on the charge of robbing the mails while being conveyed over any post route other than a railway.

"Two hundred and fifty dollars for the conviction of any person, in the United States court, on the charge of attempting to rob the mails being conveyed over any post route.

"One hundred and fifty dollars for the arrest and conviction of any person, in the United States court, on the charge of breaking into a postoffice and stealing. Two hundred dollars where the amount stolen exceeds $500.

Result of an Explosion.

Arcola, Ill., October 29.—A terrible accident attended the reception meeting to-day. Just as the train stopped and Governor McKinley was introduced, two men, William Layman and Thomas Dougherty, started to recognize the occasion with a discharge of a small cannon in the open space, just behind the depot and just 20 yards from the train. The first discharge was successful, but on the second the cannon exploded and Layman suffered the loss of both eyes, while Dougherty's right hand was blown off at the wrist and his right eye destroyed. Both were middle aged laboring men. The accident occurred through Dougherty failing to hold his finger over the vent after pouring in the powder.

Purchase Gets $35,000 Damages.

Philadelphia, October 29.—In the action of Henry W. Purchase against the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rriiroad company, for injuries received February 22, 1893, the jury in the common pleas court to day gave a sealed verdict of $35,000 for the plaintiff. The case was one of a number arising from the collision between the Washington express and a way train at South street station. The plaintiff was a passenger on the way train, which was compelled to stop at the station, and which, while standing across the main track, was run into by the express. Purchase says that he was so badly injured that he is physically a wreck.

From Affluence to an Almshouse.

San Francisco, October 30.—A. J. Holmes, twenty years ago one of San Francisco's millionaires, died recently at the San Francisco almshouse and narrowly escaped burial in the potter's field. He was the original owner of the North Belle and Holmes mines near Candelara, Nevada, and for years was one of the leading social and financial lights of San Francisco He spent his money with a lavish hand and after his money was gone he haunted the vicinity of the stock exchange and one day recently was found unconscious on the street near his former sumptmous office. He was taken to the almshouse.

THE German premier, Chancellor von Caprivi, has resigned.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS

—Cholera is killing hogs by the thousands near Champaign, Ill.

—Sunday at Philadelphia, three men committed suicide by taking laudanum.

—Drunken Indians in Lake county, Cal., got into a fight which resulted in the killing of one buck and the wounding of eight others.

—Highwaymen beat and stabbed Charles Hoffman, aged 43 years, so badly on the streets of Reading, Pa., on Tuesday night that his life is despaired of.

—The American Waltham Watch Company has restored the former rates of wages to the employes of its setting up department, about 100 in number.

—At Iron mountain, Mich., on last Sunday four miners, who had been shut in the mines, were rescued after having been entombed 43 hours. None were injured.

—The tallest tree of which we have knowledge shot up into the air 666 feet above the earth. It now lies petrified and broken at the end of a defile in Northwestern Nevada.

—On October 27th, a serious fire occurred in a Seattle hotel, known as the West street house. When the flames were arrested in their work of destruction 16 persons were known to have perished and it is feared that others of the 40 guests have lost their lives.

—Jones Hendrix, a colored school teacher, was waylaid and shot by some unknown person at his home in Goodlettsville, Tenn., on Sunday night as he was entering the gate. Three hundred men are hunting for the assassin, and if found he will be linched.

—Official government statistics just compiled show that the low price of wheat has developed the pork packing interests in Washington state, and places the number of hogs being fattened on the wheat in Whitman county alone at 75,000. Only from 18 to 20 cents per bushel is realized by the wheat farmers.

—Steven Stach, aged 21, bar-tender for Henry Ribatski, of North Wilkesbarre, in the absence of Ribatski's family went to another room, closed the windows, put a quilt over the door and tore open the gass pipe. Precautions were so well taken that discovery was not made until Stach had been dead some hours.

—In the criminal court at Pittsburg on Saturday Albert Woodley, the murderer of Mrs. Jennie Buchanan, in Allegheny last Spring, was sentenced to be hanged. Woodley was engaged to marry Mrs. Buchanan, a divorced woman, who resided with her father. So far as known there was no provocation for the crime.

—Frank Cline, son of ex-City Marshal Cline, and Otis Savage, whose father was circuit judge of the district for years, have been arrested for the Pacific express office robbery of $14,000 at Dalles, Ore. All but $400 was recovered. Five thousand was found in the house of the ex-marshal. The arrests caused a tremendous sensation.

—The industrial situation in Jamestown, N. Y., is in a flourishing condition. Every factory is working over time. The Vandergift manufacturing company, manufacturers of machinery, are rushed with orders and are working overtime, they expect to add too more large buildings to increase their capacity. Other manufacturers report the same condition of affairs.

—Burglars entered the office of the Lebanon Brewing company early on Tuesday morning, removed the combinations and rifled the safes of their contents. The exact amount of money taken is not known, but is said to be considerable. This is the third safe that has been blown open in that city the past week. Chief of Police Ringler is of the opinion that it was the work of experts.

—William Miller, son of Peter Miller, of the well-known clothing firm of Lancaster, O., drove into the country on Sunday evening to make a social call, and at five o'clock on Monday morning the rig came back alone. Searching parties, picked up yound Miller's hat, whip and robe in the road five miles from town an hour later, but Miller himself cannot be found. Crime is feared and intense excitement prevails.

Ebensburg Schools

Report of Ebensburg schools for month ending October 26, 1894:

Room No. 1.

Attendance—boys, 28; girls, 30; total, 58. Average—boys, 28; girls, 29; total, 57.

Class leaders—A class, Annie Tibbott; B class, Carlotta Luttringer.

Perfect in attendance—Annie Tibbott, Nettie Jones, Lizzie Jones, Ethel Davis, Mildred Owens, Alma Byrne, Margaret Connell, Ruth Squires, Vera Williams, Fannie Thomas, Annie Port, Gertrude Englehart, Ethel Thomas, Carlotta Luttringer, Emma Tibbott, Louise Blair, Alma James, Margaret Young, Maggie Evans, June Beney, Mabel Parrish, Lizzie Glasser, Olive Denny, Grace Denny, Tommie Cassidy, Byron Davis, Arthur Cresswell, Alfred Isenbarg, Don Connell, Charley Brown, David Davies, Bennie Luttringer, George Empfield, Ira Byrne, Frank Daw, Buster Williams, Oscar Weaklen, Willis Davis, Seed's Peach.

Room No. 3.

Attendance—boys, 24; girls, 14; total, 38. Average—boys, 23; girls, 13; total, 6.

Class leaders—A class, Eva Garman; B class, Hugh Evans, John Ferguson.

Perfect in attendance—Agnes Connell, Dorothea Peach, Eli Tibbott, Eva Garman, Mildred Eberly, Katie Grey, Mabel Gant, Rodie Crouse, Mary Grace Hiatt, Earl Jones, John Ferguson, Fearn Ludwig, Eddie Cassidy, Butler Good, Hugh Evans, Scott Brown, Dannie James, Robert Young, Elmer Davis, Walter Myers, Edwin Rees, John Rees, Willie Graver, Harvey Rodgers, Ralph Davis, Alonza Cresswell, Waldo Squires, Richie Owens, Harvey Tibbott.

Room No 4.

Attendance—boys, 26; girls, 24; total, 50. Average—boys, 25; girls, 23; total, 48.

Class leaders—A class, Frank Gates; B class Jesse Davis and Lovell Barker.

Perfect in attendance—Anna Duncan, Carrie Mobley, Hattie Brown, Lowell Barker, Lilda Davison, Annie Huber, Emma Wyland, Sallie Young, Emma Craver, Maud Folsom, Minerva Enfield, Fannie Lloyd, Ida Wyland, Emma Evans, May Jones, Mary Murray, Carl Englehart, Jessie Evans, Jessie Davis, Irvin Good, Dannie Thomas, Eddie Shoemaker, Joseph Davis, Hertie Connell, Walter Apel, Charles O'Hara, Walter O'Hara, Gideon Downey, Emmet Weaklen, Frank Gates.

Room No. 5.

Attendance—boys, 22; girls, 27; total, 49. Average—boys, 19; girls, 26; total, 45.

Class leaders—Ethel Shields; B class, Dora Williams.

Perfect in attendance—Mary Connell, Minerva Huber, Julia Brown, Nellie Lloyd, Lizzie Ludwig, Ethel Shields, Florence Evans, Mamie Thompson, Alberta Gates, Edith Barker, Evaline Parrish, Nina Eva e, Mary Engichart, Lelia Port, Blanche Gant, Pearl Kraus, June Davis, Sibbie Shields, Dora Williams, Gertie Ferguson, Marie Myers, Mabel Creery, Clifford Jones, Arthur Evans, Walter Jones, Harry Huber, Alvie Evans, Leo Franks.

Room No. 6.

Attendance—boys, 29; girls, 24; total, 44. Average—boys, 18; girls, 22; total, 40.

Class leaders—A class, Walter Perry; B class, Annie Tibbott; C class Maggie Tibbott.

Perfect in attendance—Asa Jones, May Davis, Minnie Kirshner, Chas. Hasson, Carl McKenrick, Walter Perry, Eddie Jones, Harry Wilter, Bertha Ferguson, Jennie Evans, Nellie Davis, Charley Evans, Ollie Davis, Edwin Craver, Annie Tibbott, Emily Davis, Lou McNamara, Annie Mills, Floy Styles, Annie Owens, Jesse Ferguson, Jennie Empfield, Ralph Tibbott, Elmer Davis, Bessie Evans, Maggie Tibbott, Herbie Evans, Eddie Davison, Odie Connell.

B. & B.

They'll Not Tell

More than half that might be told, but if you'll write our Mail Order Department for samples of our superb lines of

Dress Goods, Silks and Suitings.

They'll tell you enough to cause you to declare as did a mail order patron this week: "The samples you sent me are better in quality and price than those received from any other house. I enclose," etc.—

This, verbatim, from a letter just received, is but the expression of numbers coming daily from every section of the country. The leading markets of the world have added their quota in making this Fall and Winter 1894 and '95 display the largest, choicest, most comprehensive collection of DRESS GOODS and SUITINGS we believe ever submitted for critical inspection in Western Pennsylvania—everything that's stylish new and up-to-date is here at prices never so low.

New Check Suitings,

in five different colorings, newest combinations, all wool—44 inches wide, *75 cents a yard.*

NEW ZIG-ZAG CHECK SUITINGS,

12 different colorings—48 inches wide, *75 cents a yard.*

Simply no end to variety in assortments of all-wool and silk and wool Dress Goods and Suitings at 85c., $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 up to $4.50 per yard—which includes both American and Imported fabrics.

Nine hundred pieces all-wool 50-cent

LADIES' CLOTH,

Choice color mixtures—never such value shown in such wide, all-wool cloth at price—50 inches wide, *35 cents a yard.*

Two-toned, self-colored

PLAID SUITINGS,

¾-wool—7 different colorings, extra wide, 41 inches. Their equal may have been offered at double the price but never at *15 cents a yard.*

If you can't come, write for our Illustrated Fall and Winter 1894 and '95 Catalogue, FREE. Twill help you out immensely in your ordering by mail. You'll be astonished to find how easily shopping by mail can be accomplished.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

What Can't Pull Out?

Why the

Non-pull-out

Bow on the **Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases,** made by the **Keystone Watch Case Company,** Philadelphia. It protects the Watch from the pick-pocket, and prevents it from dropping. Can only be had with cases stamped with this trade mark.

Sold, without extra charge for this bow (ring), through Watch dealers only.

Lots of watch cases are spoiled in the opening. An opener to obviate this sent free.

IT WILL PAY YOU

To go to **QUINN'S,** Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and **FREIGHT PAID** on All Large Packages.

JAMES QUINN.

A Favorite

of Hospitals and Physicians.

Silver Age Rye Whiskey

Noted for its purity and merits and is guaranteed by signature to be free from all adulterations.

MAX KLEIN,
ALLEGHENY, PA

Druggists, Hotels and Dealers sell it at a uniform price of

$1.50 per full quart.

Select only

1794. 1894.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE 'ÆTNA'

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

WANTED Energetic men to sell our choice and complete line of Nursery Stock and seed potatoes. High salary and commission paid weekly. Paying and permanent position guaranteed and success assured to good men. Special inducements to beginners. Experience not necessary. Exclusive territory and your own choice of same given. Do not delay but apply to

ALLEN NURSERY CO.,
Growers and Propagators, Rochester, N. Y.
aug3 4m

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE Both sexes. Write now to U. A. SCOTT, New York City

STOP! LOOK! LISTEN!

The Largest Stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING

Hats, Caps, Underwear, Shoes Furnishing Goods, etc., just received at

J. B. WILBER'S

$2.50 Will buy an Excellent Satinette Suit of Clothing for a Man.

$5.00 Will buy a Man's All-Wool Cheviot Suit. Makes a Fine Dress Suit.

$8.00 Will buy a Genuine Clay Worsted Suit. All Sizes.

$6.00 Will buy a Man's Black Cheviot Suit. All Sizes.

$2.50 And up will buy a Youth's Suit, age 12 to 19 years.

99 cts. Will buy a Child's Suit of Clothing, age 4 to 14 years.

$1.25 Will buy a Child's Nice Double Breasted Suit, age from 4 to 14 years.

$2.00 Will buy a Child's All-Wool, very fine Suit, from 4 to 14 years.

25 cts. Will buy a Never Rip Child's Pants, age 4 to 14 years.

75 cts. Will buy a Youth's Never Rip Pants. A pair every School Boy should have.

$1.00 Will buy a Man's Never Rip Pants. Come and examine them.

99 cts. Will buy a pair of Ladies' Oxford or Button Shoes.

$1.25 Will buy a Man's Fine Dress Shoe. A Rare Bargain. Come and see them.

25 cts. Will buy a nice pair of INFANT'S SHOES.

Men's Hose that retail everywhere at 10 cents a pair, sold in pairs for 25 cents, or 70 cents per dozen pairs.

Hats, Caps, Underwear and Gent's Furnishing Goods at the same Low Rates.

Come early and get what you want.

J. B. WILBER,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Men's Fall Clothing

FALL

SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

Cassimers, Cheviots, Clays, Homespuns, Diagonals, Serges, Twills, Tweeds, Flannels.

All the new shapes of Sacks, Cataways, Regents and Prince Alberts. A perfect fit and reliable workmanship.

$7, $9, $10, $15 and $18.

Children's Suits, 4 to 14, 75c., 90c., $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00.

A Grand Exhibit of Boys' Clothing—new and lovely styles for Fall. Buy your own and your Children's Hats of us. We guarantee you a positive saving of 25 per cent.

JOHN McCONNELL

1300 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING

LARGEST STOCK! FINEST GOODS! LOWEST PRICES!

IN CAMBRIA COUNTY!

Our new Fall Stock will surprise all who see it by the extent of variety it offers in every line of goods which we carry. We will sell you fine Overcoats and Clothing at prices much lower than ever before. We have all the new styles in Hats. Our stock of Winter Underwear and Gents' Furnishings is immense.

It will pay you to come twenty-five miles to buy Clothing of us. Call and examine our goods and you will be convinced we will save you money.

C. A. SHARBAUGH,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

REDUCTION IN

OUTWARD : STEERAGE

TICKETS TO QUEENSTOWN, $14.

J. B. MULLEN, Agent.

Office in Mullen & Smith's Clothing Store, Lilly, Pa.

junt5.94

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - NOVEMBER 2, 1894.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Vote straight.

—Vote for Nixon.

—Vote for Denny and Ricketts.

—Next Tuesday is election day.

—Get out every Democratic vote.

—Vote for James Flinn for poor director.

—Jeremiah Penrod, of Johnstown, has been granted a pension.

—William Martz, of Kittanning Point, was in Ebensburg on Monday.

—Election day will put an end to the work of the calamity howler.

—Abel Eckenrode, of Cresson, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Tuesday.

—An advertisement in a good newspaper worth all the fence signs you can paint in a year.

—If the Democratic vote is polled on election day the whole county ticket will be elected.

—A bottle of corn is worth 50 cents, but you will wear the bar as whiskey it is going.

—Mr. D. A. McGough, of Allegheny township, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Thursday.

—Mr. Joseph Bearer and son Milton, of Susquehanna township, drove up to Ebensburg on Thursday.

—A patent has been issued to J. A. Gallagher for 160 acres of land in Adams township, this county.

—W. A. Scanlan, of Johnstown, was in town Tuesday looking up his many claims in the grocery line.

—Fisher's slaughter house, Johnstown, was destroyed by fire last Saturday night. Loss, $2,000; insurance, $1,000.

—Augustus Habersetzer, an old resident of Carrolltown, died on Sunday, after a brief illness. He was in his 72nd year.

—Mr. Wilson King at the head of the Democratic ticket will be found on the election ticket will be the one you ought to vote.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company turned into the state treasury $1,000,000 tax for the year 1893.

—The first coal train from the Blacklick branch of the Ebensburg and Blairsville road passed Ebensburg on Monday. It was hauled by Vintondale and went to Johnstown.

—A Johnstown journal says: "In politics Cambria is governed by her chin," which is not to be governed by the same thing to get a wife.

—Many a man has incurred a breach of good manners by opening a friend's letter sooner than a business letter should be answered by the next mail; a love letter—never.

—The new saw mill of John P. Pringle, near Pennsylvania Somerset county, was destroyed by fire several days ago. The origin of the fire is unknown.

—Some one has thief got into the Blair county jail a few nights and relieved two prisoners of $40 in cash that they had been saving in the pockets of their pantaloons.

—Messrs. Stone & Wellington, proprietors of the Fonthill Nurseries, Canada, are going to represent them in this issue. See their advertisement in another column.

—The wife of David Bonner, of Susquehanna township, died at her home in Morrellville on Thursday morning. The deceased was a native of Youngstown, Indiana county, Pa.

—Mr. Enright, residing in Centre county, is the oldest survivor of the war of 1812, he having recently celebrated his 102d birthday. He has a son 80 years of age and a number of descendants.

—Mr. William H. Diehl, of Portage township, and Miss Jennie R. Over, of Susquehanna township, were married in Johnstown on Sunday, the ceremony being performed by Rev. E. D. Weigle, of that city.

—Some time ago Charles gotten up a petition for the purpose of having the county seat removed to Hastings. Finally they have succeeded with intelligent voters to sign the petition, same who can be found.

—Mr. Frank Stapp shipped one thousand bushels of peanuts to Chicago from Johnstown. Two other shipments of chestnuts were made from that station for the past week, consisting of two thousand bushels.

—Messrs. Kirkpatrick & Johnson, produce dealers in Pittsburg and commission merchants of Allegheny, have an advertisement in this issue to which the attention of farmers having produce to sell is directed.

—Mr. Philip Elig, a farmer residing near Fairview, Lower Yoder township, Cambria county, was blown to pieces by the explosion of some gunpowder which he was attempting to thaw out on a stove in his house on Sunday morning. Three children were also severely injured.

—Mrs. Mary Martz, wife of William Martz, formerly of Cambria township, died at Kittanning Point, Blair county, on Saturday, October 20th, 1894, from typhoid fever, after an illness of nine days, aged 53 years. The deceased is survived by her husband and two children, both married—one residing in New York and the other at Kittanning Point. Her remains were taken to St. Vincent's, Westmoreland county, for interment.

—Edith Mitchell, of Johnstown, a prepossessing young woman, was arrested in this city on Monday afternoon by Constable McFeely on complaint of Oliver Boyle, who charges her with the larceny of several bundles of clothing belonging to his daughter. Miss Mitchell was taken back to Johnstown on the 3:45 P. M. train. The accused was formerly employed as a domestic at Mr. Boyle's home in Johnstown.—*Altoona Gazette.*

—General Hastings was not the hero of the Johnstown flood; he was not even a hero—no more than a commissary or quartermaster would be so who moved near the battlefield of Fredericksburg or Gettysburg after the battle, put up a tent and issued pork and beans to those who had participated in the slaughter, while he reveled in champaign, strawberries, ice cream and cigars with his aides and a few jolly companions.—*Johnstown Tribune.*

—Thieves broke into Fergusen & Son's store in Altoona on Tuesday night and broke open City Treasurer Ferguson's safe. The burglars only obtained $10 and a diamond ring. A large sum of money had been kept in the safe for several days, but it was removed to the bank on Monday. The large watch-dog was found dead in the store, having been poisoned by the burglars. The Altoona Mechanics' library was also broken into, but only a few pennies were stolen.

—The Robinson Opera Company gave a performance at the opera house on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. The opera of Tuesday evening was "La Mascot," and it rendition gave such pleasure to the audience that the opera house on Wednesday night, when "Erminie" was given, was filled with an expectant audience who were again delighted with the company's performance. The management of the opera house should be complimented upon securing such a good troupe for their house.

—Frank Dick, of Vintondale, was arrested on Saturday evening to answer a charge of larceny preferred by William Page, a merchant of that place. Page alleges that his house was entered recently and his pocketbook containing fifty dollars in money was taken.

—On Thursday of last week Daniel King, a farmer of Conemaugh township, went to a bank in Johnstown, drew out $700, and wrapping it up in a handkerchief, started for home. When he reached home the money was gone but how it disappeared he could not tell. It represented the savings of a lifetime.

—Judge Jeremiah Lyons, of Juniata county, filed a decree in the equity case of Gallitzin A. Christy et al, vs. Dr. John T. Christy et al, in the prothonotary's office on Monday. The application of Rebecca Ann Glass to have her name placed on the record as a party plaintiff in the case was granted.—*Hollidaysburg Register.*

—Adolph Helm, aged twenty-two years, the only support of a widow mother, was run over by an engine on the railroad opposite the Cambria Blast Furnace No. 6, on Tuesday evening while returning from work, and ground to pieces. The unfortunate man was born in Germany and came to this country about four years ago.

—Sometime during the coming week our citizens will be afforded an opportunity to hear a famous lecturer descant upon the wonders of the Columbian World's Fair. The lecture will be illustrated with numberless graphic scenes and will convey the most intelligent knowledge of this triumph of the world's progress in all its varied phases. Watch for the date.

—Thomas Byrne, a well-known farmer of Clearfield township, while pulling stumps with a stump machine, was severely injured by the breaking of a pulley which fell upon him, dislocating his left hip and knee, besides bruising him severely about the head and shoulders. Although his chances for recovery are good he will be confined to his house for some time.

—Mrs. Ann Roberts, widow of David Roberts, deceased, a native of Cambria township, died at her home in Williamsport, Iowa, a few days ago, her death resulting from being accidentally thrown from a buggy. Mrs. Roberts was a daughter of Thomas Reese, deceased, and a sister of Thomas T. Reese and Mrs. John M. Hughes, both of Cambria township.

—Mrs. Ann Boyd, relict of Hon. Linn Boyd, of Kentucky, died at her home in that state on Tuesday, aged about 75 years. The deceased was a native of Ebensburg and a sister of Miss Margaret Rhey, of this place. Her remains arrived here on Wednesday and after remaining at the home of her sister until Thursday morning, were interred in the Catholic cemetery.

—There is now in the course of erection at the Altoona shops a new passenger locomotive which is expected to cover its 100 miles an hour with perfect ease. The wheels are larger in diameter than the ordinary engine and will be equipped with ball bearings, like a bicycle. It will take against 180 pounds pressure in the locomotive now in use.

—Vintondale has now railroad communication with the rest of the world, the train making one trip a day. The branch train that arrives in Ebensburg at 12:15 P. M., after a short stop, goes to Vintondale, stopping at Beulah, Lorain and other points where passengers desire to get off. Returning, the train leaves Vintondale at 2 P. M., stopping at Ebensburg at 3:30 P. M. on its way to Cresson.

—Four members of the family of Frederick Krater, of 111 Lexington avenue, Altoona, are seriously ill from the effects of eating some hogshead cheese on Saturday evening and Sunday last. The cases have many of the symptoms of cholera and the death of at least one member of the family is momentarily expected. This is the third family in the city to be poisoned in this manner within a week.

—By a dispatch received by Mr. Hosea Evans, of this place, on Tuesday, the intelligence was received of the death of Edward Francis, a former resident of Cambria township, in Chicago. The deceased had been a resident of Chicago for the past twenty years. He was engaged in the roofing business and his death was caused by a fall from the roof a building. He leaves a wife and child to survive him.

—Francis Ilouzea, a coal miner, was caught by a fall of slate on Tuesday of last week in a mine near Centre Hill, three miles from Kittanning, Pa. He was alone at the time and was not missed until Wednesday afternoon. A search was instituted which resulted in the finding of his crushed body under the debris. He was still living when found, but died shortly afterward. He leaves a wife and several children.

—A strange disease has broken out among cattle in Lawrence county. The cattle are sick from six to ten days. The symptoms are blindness, difficulty in breathing, refusal to eat and great physical weakness. A post mortem on one animal showed the lungs to be black as coal, the discoloration extending to the right side of the head, even the horn on one side turning black. No one has ever seen anything like it.

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—John Zimmerman and Wilson Perry were arrested on Friday at their homes in Snyder county and brought to Altoona on Saturday morning by Constable McFeely, who is acting as a special detective under United States Marshall Walker, on the charge of counterfeiting and having moulds in their possession. Zimmerman is said to be a wealthy farmer.

—Mrs. Ellen Daugherty, wife of David Daugherty, of Ninth avenue, Altoona, died at her home in that city on Tuesday, October 30th, aged 30 years, from typhoid fever. The deceased was born in Cambria township, this county, and was the daughter of Mr. Martin Sanders. She is survived by her husband and three small children; also by her father, mother and brother, of Cambria township, and three sisters residing in Altoona. Her funeral took place on Wednesday in St. John's cemetery, Altoona.

—The New York *Sun* has the following: Mush and milk surprise parties are popular a hundred miles to the southward. Those who make the party swoop down upon the subject of the surprise with a box of corn meal and a jug of molasses. The mush is set to boil, the molasses is turned in to taffy and abundantly pulled, cakes are baked, apples pared, and the mush is eaten along with fresh milk and rich cream. The mush and milk surprize furnishes a maximum of fun for a minimum of expenditure.

—The board of pardons at their last meeting at Harrisburg, recommended pardons for W. H. Bradley, of Philadelphia, and Joseph Green, of Lehigh. The case of Hugh F. Dempsey, the Pittsburg labor leader, serving seven years in the Western penitentiary for being the leader of an alleged consiracy to poison non-union workmen at Homestead after the strike, was held under advisement. A respite of four months was recommended in the case of Geo. Dukovic, the Pittsburg murderer who is alleged to be insane.

—Charles McLaran was arrested at Indiana on Saturday night for being drunk and disorderly. He was allowed the freedom of the prison court. He went up stairs to the second tier of cells and attempted to balance himself on the railing around the passage way, and fell to the stone floor, 12 feet below. When picked up he was unconscious and lingered until 4 o'clock on Sunday morning, when he died. A postmortem showed that the skull had been fractured. McLauren leaves a wife and two children.

—President Judge A. O. Furst, of the Centre-Huntingdon district, announces that he will send his resignation to the governor to take effect November 15. He says that the reason he takes this action is that he has about all of his dockets cleared with the exception of a few cases of minor importance in Centre county, and he desires to resume his law practice before the spring term. Judge Furst's term expires on the first Monday of January, 1895. He says a judge in that district has more work to perform than any other judge in the state.

—The Democrats of Johnstown will hold a jollification hour on Monday, because [illegible] that the 8th of October is the birthday of John Gilpin, Esq., deceased. During his life Mr. Gilpen was one of the leading members of the Armstrong county bar, and at his death he bequeathed to the Catholic church $100 a year providing they ring the church bell one hour on his birthday. In this manner Mr. Gilpin's birthday will long be held in remembrance. Mr. Gilpin was a member of the Episcopal church and no one can account for his bequest to the Catholic church in preference to his own.—*Kittanning Free Press.*

—On Thursday of last week a sad accident occurred at the Rockheading coal mines near Cassandra by which Bert Myers, a son of Adam Myers, of Cassandra, was fatally injured. He was at work attending to the cars coming down the plane when a lump of coal fell off, striking him on the head and knocking him under the cars. His left side and breast was badly crushed and several ribs broken. His fellow-workmen, after getting him out from under the cars, carried him on a litter for three miles to his home, where he lingered until 4 o'clock on Friday morning, when death came. He was 22 years of age and leaves a wife and infant daughter to mourn his untimely death.

—About one hundred and fifty people took advantage of the first excursion train down the Blacklick on Saturday last. Four passenger coaches made up the train which left Ebensburg at one o'clock, and making the first stop at Beulah where the party took a fifteen minutes' look at the deserted village. The train also stopped at Nantyglo, Twin Rocks and then at Vintondale, where an hour's time was given to see the new town. The train was then run down to the Old Furnace where the party again alighted and spent some time viewing the ruins of an old-time "infant industry." The party returned to Ebensburg at 5:30 P. M., having had a delightful time on the road.

—A daring burglary and robbery was perpetrated at Roaring Springs, Blair county, at an early hour last Friday morning when the postoffice and jewelry store of Thomas Replogle was entered and a large amount of goods taken. The booty consisted of gold and silver watches, gold chains, rings, cash, registered letters, stamps and everything valuable they could lay their hands on. The robbers also blew open the safe and took from it stamps valued at $400, $70 in cash and a lot of valuable papers. The noise made blowing open the safe aroused the deputy postmaster, who gave an alarm, when the thieves made a hasty departure, but not before firing several shots at the deputy.

—Jas. A. Parrish will offer for sale at his farm in Munster township, 2½ miles southeast of Ebensburg, on Wednesday, November 14th, 1894, the following personal property: 2 work horses, 4 milk cows, calves, pair of pigs, 1 road wagon, 1 spring wagon, 1 top buggy, 1 pair twin sleds, 1 light sled, 1 sleigh, 1 twine-binder, mowing machine, horse rake, hay fork, ropes and pulleys, separator, threshing machine, fanning mill, cutting box, 2 plows, harrow, shovel plow, cultivator, 2 sets double harness, set buggy harness, saddle and bridle, pair hay ladders, hay by the ton, a lot of straw, corn by the shock, oats by the bushel, potatoes by the bushel, cross-cut saw, lot of chains and other articles. The farm will also be offered for sale at the same time and place. This property contains about 150 acres, about 75 of which are cleared and under cultivation, the balance timbered with good saleable timber.

You Can Jump a Board Bill.

It has become a very common practice for an alderman or justice of the peace to hold persons for court or sentence them to jail for defrauding boarding-house keepers. Unless, however, there is false pretense averred, the imprisonment is illegal.

Recently, George Hoover, of Morrellville, was arrested for jumping a board bill, and he was taken before Justice D. S. Burkhart, of that borough, for trial. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to thirty days in the county jail, and it was this case that was tested. The commissioners' attorney, Mr. Kittell, took out a writ of habeas corpus and had the prisoner taken before Judge Barker, who, after examining the commitment and returns, discharged the prisoner for the reason that no false pretense had been resorted to, and he had therefore committed no crime under the law. Should this decision be accepted generally as law, boarding-house keepers will be in a more perilous state than ever before.

Lost His Pocketbook.

Monday afternoon a group of young men up town were in conversation and one of the number suggested that they have a wrestle for amusement, it was decided that David Scruders and John Hull should lock arms, for which purpose they retreated to a grassy spot on Bald Eagle avenue, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets, where the friendly scuffle began without ceremony. In the meantime Scruders had handed his pocketbook containing considerable money to his brother Elmer. By some mishap in the scuffle Scruders' nose came in violent contact with the person of Hull, causing it to bleed profusely and abruptly ending the wrestle so far as Scruders was concerned. But the group not being satisfied with so short an entertainment, Elmer took the place of his brother and clinched with Hull, passing the pocketbook back to its owner as he did so.

The bleeding of David's nose diverting his attention from other things for the moment he unnoticed by himself dropped the pocketbook on the ground. Charley Philips who was in the group noticed the pocketbook fall, moved to it and placing his foot on it watched his opportunity and picked it up and put in his pocket. Fortunately John Haup, another of the party, saw Philips pick up the pocket book, but throught he intended it as a joke and would return it to the proper owner after the fun was over. Haup left the group soon after, and in a short time the entire party dispersed, Scruders having forgotten all about the pocketbook, but he in due time missed it, and upon inquiry for it next day Haup related to him the performances of Philips.

In the meantime Philips, not knowing that he was seen by anyone picking up the pocketbook, went to Altoona and doubtless had a big time yesterday on a portion of the cash. Returning to Tyrone last night, he was arrested by Officer Snyder as he was getting off the Philadelphia express, and landed in the lock-up. On being taken before Justice Taylor this morning he waived a hearing and expressing a desire to go and see Sam Parks was taken to jail this afternoon to await an opportunity to answer for the offense before Judge Bell at the next session of court. Scruders says he thinks there were about $51 in the pocketbook, but he is sure it contained $45. When arrested last night the pocketbook was taken from Philips. It then contained $21.00. David Scruders is a resident of Ebensburg and is in Tyrone visiting his brothers Elmer, John and Harry.—*Tyrone Herald.*

Communication.

Reade township, Oct. 31, 1894.

ED. FREEMAN:—I have been acquainted with John Ricketts all his life and am pleased to say that I had dealings with him when he was yet a boy, more or less ever since, and find him to be a man of his word and a man to be respected by every person.

He came to this county twenty-four years ago, brought nothing with him but a pair of willing hands, and the first enter- [illegible] deceased, and through many years of hard toil and through the aid of his good wife he secured a good home. He is a man of exceptionally good judgment, is blessed with a good intellect, and we do not know of one Democrat in the county that is dissatisfied with his being nominated. He will get the full Democratic vote in the county, and we know of scores of Republicans who are going to throw politics to the dogs this fall and vote for him. He has worked hard all his life, knows what it is to earn a dollar, and will not be afraid to speak his mind if he is sent to Harrisburg. He is entitled to a complimentary vote from his neighbors and he will get it, and I firmly believe he will be elected. W. S.

Real Estate Transfers.

Jennie L. Nightengale to John C. Ray, Morrellville; consideration, $1,200.

C. M. Wood to Conrad Weintroth, Summerhill township, $650.

Andrew P. Hite to Jacob D. Walter, Washington, $400.

Jacob N. Crum to Daniel D. Miller, Croyle, $300.

Wm. Jones to Archibald Burkett, Chest Springs, $60.

Benjamin Davis to John L. Davis, Blacklick, $1,000.

Sheriff of Cambria county to Mary Sides, Johnstown, $3,900.

John Cameron to Alexander McDonald, Coopersdale, $625.

Joseph W. Orris to Charles F. Kress, executor, Adams, $534.

Acquilla G. Osman to Johnson Company, Johnstown, $1.

Alfred G. Prosser to W. P. Reese, Johnstown, $680.

David D. James to Amanda James, Ebensburg, $510.

Wm. P. Reese to Kate Prosser, Johnstown, $680.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, November 1, 1894:

Aaron Weakland and Mary E. Smith, Patton.

John Forsey and Mary Uhl, Hastings.

John F. Dunmyer and Margaret Snyder, Conemaugh.

John Schwing, Johnstown, and Emma Sann, Stonycreek township.

Charles A. Lydic, Grant, Indiana county, and Linnie Meekins, Spangler.

W. Eugene Keedy and Jennie Champeno, Johnstown.

Thomas H. Young, Honesdale, Pa., and Maud R. Grape, Johnstown.

Robert Spade, Cresson, and Lizzie Piper, Gallitzin.

Joseph Turner Simpson and Miriam Sechler, Ebensburg.

R. R. Cunningham, Vintondale, and Effie C. Wagner, Blacklick township.

A Quarter Well Invested.

It is said that 10 years ago John Kernell gave a bowery beggar a quarter. Last week between the acts of "McFadden's Elopement," in Johnstown, Pa., Kernell was visited by one of the most prosperous citizens of that place, who handed him a quarter and a gold watch inlaid with diamonds. He had been the bowery beggar of 10 years ago and he said that Kernell's quarter, which he now paid back, had saved him from suicide.—*Philadelphia Record.*

The Johnstown *Democrat* adds: The above acually happened, but it will keep people guessing as to who was the former beggar.

Sentenced at Argument Court.

At argument court on Monday Jacob Holtz, who was convicted of felonious assault and battery on Joseph Krotenderfer at last sessions, was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs and undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a term of six months.

Joseph McAvoy, who shot his wife at Tunnelhill last August, and who was tried and convicted of murder in the second degree at last September term, was sentenced to pay a fine of $100 and costs and undergo an imprisonment in the Western penitentiary for a term of four years.

Almost a New York Daily.

That Democratic wonder, the New York *Weekly World*, has just changed its weekly into a twice-a-week paper, and you can get the two papers a week for the same old price—$1.00 a year.

Think of it! The news from New York right at your door fresh every three days—104 papers a year.

The FREEMAN and the *World* will be sent to any address for one year for $2.00.

Miscellaneous Notices.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE! A lot of ground in the East ward of Ebensburg, 66 by 264 feet, in desirable location, having a two-storied frame house, 9 rooms and basement, in excellent repair. Will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms. M. D. KITTELL.
Ebensburg, Pa., August 10 tf

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in November, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, President.
LESTER LARIMER, Secretary.

FOR SALE. A pair Black Match Horses for sale cheap, 8 years old; will weigh from 1,200 to 1,300 each. For particulars inquire at the office of the FREEMAN.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect May 27, 1894.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days	6 30 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days	9 25 a m
Day Express, daily	11 04 a m
Altoona Express, daily	1 00 p m
Mail Express, daily	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 14 a m
Pacific Express, daily	8 37 a m
Way Passenger, week days	2 36 p m
Mail Train, week days	4 23 p m
Fast Line, daily	8 28 p m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 34 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

Trains leave as follows: 7.20, 10.20 a. m., and 3.30 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at 7.57, 10.55 a. m. and 4.05 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.30, 11.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.05 a. m. and 12.15 and 6.05 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Cresson at 6.45 a. m. and 2.40 p. m. arriving at Clearfield at 9.50 a. m. and 5.40 p. m.

For rates maps, etc., call on agent or address THOS. E. WATT, P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

JOHN PFISTER,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Hardware. Queensware,
MADE-UP CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
VEGETABLES IN SEASON,
HARNESS, ETC.,
OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,
CRESSON, PA.
may2,94ly

F. X. FEES'
Shaving Parlor,
Main Street, Near Post Office

The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving parlor on Main street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean. Your patronage solicited.
F. X. FEES.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency,
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent,
EBENSBURG, PA.

To Investors.

WHY go away from home to seek investments when you can buy Pennsylvania First Mortgage Securities on the Cash or Monthly Payment plan and which will net you twenty per cent. on your money? For particulars call on or address H. A. ENGLEHART,
aug5,92 Ebensburg, Pa.

Duff's is the Best BUSINESS COLLEGE in America for obtaining a bread-winning education. For circulars address
P. DUFF & SONS, PITTSBURG, PA.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
Best in the World! Get the Genuine! Sold Everywhere!
(1y29)

WANTED.—Local and traveling salesmen to handle our Hardy Canadian Grown Nursery Stock. We guarantee satisfaction to representatives and customers. Our Nurseries are the largest in the Dominion—over 700 acres. No substitution in orders. Exclusive territory and liberal terms to whole or part time agents. Write us.
STONE & WELLINGTON,
Head office, Toronto, Canada.
The only Nursery in Canada having testing Orchards. 11 2m3.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, hereby all persons not to hunt, fish or trespass in any way on our premises, as we will prosecute to the full extent of the law.
H. B NOEL,
JOHN EBBE,
ALEXIUS WILL,
J. A. GLASS,
A. J. M'MULLEN,
HUGH M'NEELIS.
Clearfield township, March 9, 1894.

DR. BUCK,
SURGEON and SPECIALIST,
Treatment of all Chronic Affliction, Diseases of Women and troubles requiring Surgical Aid. Office hours up to 9 A. M., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 P. M.
1222 12TH AVENUE, ALTOONA, PA.
jan15,94

THIS FALL'S
BARGAINS
Beat All of the Many Startling Ones We Have Been Offering.

A Word to Economical Buyers Concerning Fall and Winter Goods.

Men's Suits.

For $5.50 we will sell you a Suit equal in make, material and style to any you have ever bought for for $7.50 or $9.00.

At $10.00 we will sell an elegant line of of Cassimers, Rough Cheviots, Unfinished Worsteds—Suits worth spot Cash $15.00.

Rough shifting Suits as low as $3.50, worth actual value to any one $5.50.

OUR BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S
Clothing Department

Is one mammoth selection of all styles of patterns and styles of makes at astonishing low prices.

Children's Double-Breasted Suits at $1.25 to $5.50.

Children's Overcoats, with or without Capes, $1.25 to $4.50.

Boys' Suits, all sizes, for $3.00 and up to $12.50.

Boys' Overcoats at any figure you want, as we have them to suit everybody.

PANTS.

We have a line that will attract everybody.

Men's working Pants for 75 cents.

Men's scuff or evening Pants for $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00.

Men's fine dress Pants for $3.00 and up to $7.00.

Boys' knee Pants for 20 cents, 25 cents, 50 cents, 75 cents, 95 cents.

OVERCOATS.

We can save you lots of money by buying your Overcoat from us.

Heavy Hersey Overcoats, blue or black, long, latest style, for $4.50 to $7.00.

Moscow Beaver, all wool, for $8.00.

ATTENTION!

Any Overcoat that we have left from last fancy, worth $1.00, will sell them off, for 50 cents.

Outing Shirts, full yard long, for 25 cents.

Solid duck Shirts, all colors for 25 cents.

Black satine, extra heavy, for 50 cents.

We can give you Underclothing to suit the cold weather for 50 cents per suit. These goods are extra heavy, very soft and non-shrinking. Try it.

HATS AND CAPS.

If you want to wear latest, we have it, at a price to suit you. We sell Hats for $1.00 that formerly sold for $1.50.

Caps, extra heavy, for stormy weather, 25 cents.

Fur Caps, with peak, for 50 cents. You never bought one for less than $1.00.

DRY GOODS.

India blue Calicoes, all patterns, for 5 cents. Other stores sell them for 7 and 8 cents.

Dark Calicoes for 5 cents per yard.

Turkey red oil Calicoes for 6 cents, former price, 8 cents.

Shaker Flannel, full yard wide, for 6 cents per yard.

Muslin, bleached or unbleached, full yard wide, for only 5 cents.

Lancaster Gingham for 6 cents per yard.

Dark Outing Cloth, 10 cents per yard.

Crash, bleached or unbleached, for 5 cents.

Cretonne, 8 cents, former price 15 cents per yard.

All wool dress Plaids for only 12 cents.

Handsome dark Satine for 12½ cents per yard.

Wool Cashmere, all colors, for 25 cents.

Ladies' Cloth, 48 inches wide, for 50 cents.

Surah Silk, all colors, for 40 cents.

Velvet, all colors, for 45 cents.

Stocking Yarn, all colors, 4 cuts for 25 cents.

Saxony Yarn, all colors, 3 cuts for 25 cents.

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS

Ribbed Vests, long sleeves for 25 cents.

Fleece lined wool Vests, 50 cents.

Natural wool and scarlet vests for 75 cents.

Children's wool Hose, 10 cents.

Trimming Braid from 1 cent a yard up to 15.

5-ply Carpet Chain, all colors, for 20 cents.

Gray Blankets, extra heavy, for 75 cents a pair.

White Blankets, extra heavy, 1¼ wide, for $1.50.

Yellow Blankets, all wool, extra heavy, $2.25.

Haps, all colors, from 50 cents to $3.25.

Special Drive in Ladies' Coats

All new styles, large puff sleeves, fur trimmed, tight fitting, extra large buttons, with very large roll collar, for $4.50 and up to $14.00.

A SACRIFICE!

Any Coat that we have left over from last season will be sold for one-half the original price, thus:
$7.00 Coat for.....$3.50
3.50 Coat for..... 1.75

FURNITURE.

We are stocked to our fullest capacity.

8-piece Bed-room Suite, all hardwood, for $20.

Cupboards, with role front, two sections, for $11.00—never was sold before for less $15.00.

A new style Sink, with two drawers, extra large basin, with lid—can be changed to a Sideboard when not in use—for only $8.00. In fact, our line is all new and complete.

SHOES. SHOES.

When in need of Shoes you can find a full selection in men's, ladies', boys' and children's. We quote you a few leaders:

Ladies' dongola tip, button, $1.25, worth $2.00.

Ladies' tip Bluchorette, $1.75, worth $2.50.

Ladies' hand turned butt, $2.50, worth $3.50.

Men's tip congress or lace, $1.25, worth $2.00.

Men's top sole brogan, 99 cents, worth $1.25.

Men's top sole grain lace, $1.65, worth $2.50.

Men's calf tip congress or lace, $2.00, worth $2.75.

Men's tip congress, all 6 in size, $1.00, worth $2.00.

We carry a full line of men's Kip Boots. Our line of Rubbers is complete.

An Invitation

The newest, worthiest ideas of men's and women's wear are always in our store.

Take our $2.75 calf Shoes for men for instance; also our ladies' $2.50 dongola Shoe. They're made by hand, which means (among other good things) that there are no nails or stitches inside to hurt the feet. All new shapes, too.

Drop in and see them.

Yours truly,

H. ORTH,
THE LEADER.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.
Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

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Carrolltown Bank,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.
T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.
General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS
Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS
Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS
Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS
Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS
Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

A. E. PATTON, President. WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.

THE
First National Bank
OF PATTON.
PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.
Capital, paid up, - - $50,000.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals received upon the most favorable terms consistent with safe and conservative Banking.

Steamship Tickets for sale by all the leading Lines and Foreign Drafts payable in any of the principal cities of the Old World.

All correspondence will have our personal and prompt attention.

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THOS. BRADLEY'S
CASH STORE
MAIN STREET, GALLITZIN,

Is filled to the roof with all the choice goods of the season in Dress Goods, new Covert Cloths, Cashmeres,

HENRIETTAS AND SERGES.

Henreiettas from 15 cents to the finest in the market. Full line of Prints, Muslins, Cantons and Flannels.

New Things in Hosiery,

Shoes and Rubbers. Full line of Underwear for men and boys. Splendid Assortment of

Outing and Dress Shirts,

commencing at 25 cents and up to $2.00. All the New shapes in Soft and Stiff Hats, commencing at 50 cents up to the finest made. See our new Non-Rip Shoe for Men and Boys. Full Assortment of Flour and Groceries and all at low cash prices.

THOS. BRADLEY.

SHIP YOUR PRODUCE TO
KIRKPATRICK & JOHNSON,
1011 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTTSBURG, - - - PA.,
AND YOU WILL RECEIVE
The Highest Cash Prices.
—THEY EITHER—
BUY OUTRIGHT
OR HANDLE ON COMMISSION
Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Poultry, Apples,
Potatoes, Grain, Hides, &c., &c.
CAR LOTS A SPECIALTY.
SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

It Pays to Advertise.

TOO MANY BEARS.

A Hunter Who Found More Game Than He Wanted.

The author of "Camp-Fires of a Naturalist" was out by himself, looking idly towards the woods now and then, as he says, but not expecting to see anything, when suddenly there appeared on the edge of the timber some moving objects. He could not make out what they were, but there were so many of them that he concluded they must be goats. He stood still waiting for them to get nearer. Suddenly there came out of the forest, not more than seventy yards away, a huge, grizzly bear. He says:

"Before I could realize what had happened, out came another, then a third, a fourth, a fifth, a sixth and a seventh.

"Just think of it, seven big bears in sight all at once. I knew I was in a most dangerous situation. On one hand was a bottomless precipice, and on the other a herd of the most ferocious animals which range the mountains.

"There was only one thing to do, and I did it to perfection. That was to stand perfectly still and let the bears go about their business. I was hunting bears, but not those particular bears.

"There I stood in perfectly plain sight, but they did not see me. They were walking fast, and I had a capital opportunity to observe their mode of travel. I no longer wondered at my not being able to overtake them on the trail. They went swinging along in a sort of shambling trot or canter almost as fast as the gait of a horse. Some would stop for a second or two, turning over logs and stones, and then hurry on to overtake the rest.

"As soon as they were out of sight I hastened to assure myself that I was still alive, and to wipe the sweat from my face. I could easily have put a bullet through any of them, but what would have happened then? I might have been set upon by the whole gang, and should not have made a fair meal for one of them."

THE SQUAW AND HER CHILD.

An Instance of the Stoicism of the Indian Race.

"I was very much affected by an incident that occurred during our visit at the Rosebud agency in South Dakota," said Representative W. S. Holman the other day, recalling a tour of investigation which, as chairman of a house committee, he once made among the Indians. "One day an old squaw came trudging into the agency with a basket on her arm. The Indian agent informed me that she had walked a distance of ninety miles to see her thirteen-year-old daughter, who was a pupil in the Indian school, and that she made that pilgrimage regularly once a month and never remained over an hour. Unobserved I watched the meeting between mother and daughter. There was none of the ordinary exhibitions of parental or childish affection. When the child came out to meet the mother, the latter carefully ~~examined~~ a word was spoken. The mother emptied the contents of her basket, which were a lot of provisions and trinkets, into the child's lap, and the latter accepted them without any marked evidences of gratitude, as far as I could observe. After they had spent a half-hour together in this way the aged mother slowly rose, replaced her basket on her arm and walked slowly away until she disappeared from view far out on the plains. When she left the daughter no goodbys were spoken, nor were there any evidences of regret at the parting on the face of either parent or child."

BOUGHT HIS LOVED ONE APPLES

And Paid Dearly for Them as an Evidence of the Sincerity of His Love.

When I first engaged in the fruit business in Montana, some thirty years ago, said Robert Wells, of Butte, Mont., to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat man, prices were a notch higher than they are to-day. When I opened up I rented a little stall in front of a store, for which I paid fifty dollars a month rent. Nearly all of my stock had to be brought several hundred miles by stage, and as that was pretty expensive, I had to charge pretty stiff prices in order to come out ahead. One of my best customers was a young man who was courting a girl in the neighborhood. Three times every week he would come to my stand and buy five apples, the price of which was a dollar apiece, and carry them to his sweetheart. I always picked out the best ones for him, wrapped them up carefully in tissue paper, and placed them in a neat little box. After awhile he got married, and then he bought no more apples. Other fruit was just as high in proportion. I sold many a pineapple for seven dollars. Oranges were two dollars apiece and grapes three dollars a pound.

A Presumptuous Secretary.

Emperor William I. of Germany at the close of the French war dictated to his private secretary an address which he intended to deliver to the German army. The final sentence ran thus: "But do not forget that we must all be grateful toward Providence; for Providence has *willed* that we should be the instrument destined to accomplish what are such great events in the history of the world." The secretary, having his own ideas, as even the secretaries of emperors and kings cannot help having, wrote: "Providence has *permitted*." "Stop!" said the aged emperor. "Do you imagine that I could have supported the burden of this war if I had not entertained the firm conviction that Providence *willed* it? Write the word as I dictated it."

Couldn't Fool King Milan.

King Milan of Servia once went to the hotel of a distinguished lady who was giving a bazar for the benefit of the poor children of Paris. As soon as the king appeared upon the scene she advanced toward him with a splendid silver salver in her hand on which was beautifully emblazoned the family arms. On it lay a pretty little bunch of violets. "How much, madame?" asked the king. "Twenty-four lois, sire," was her soft response. Milan paid her the sum she had asked, with a courteous bow, took the salver from her hands, placed the bouquet in his buttonhole and walked off with the tray under his arm.

PICKED AND SORTED.

TREES are now felled in some places by electricity.

IT takes a snail exactly fourteen days and five hours to travel a mile.

ONE pound of sheep's wool is capable of producing one yard of cloth.

THE most ancient coins are of electrum, four parts of gold to one of silver.

OVER seven thousand men have been sheltered at one time beneath the branches of the banyan tree.

THE Gould brothers paid twenty-five thousand dollars for the Vigilant, but the boat originally cost one hundred thousand dollars.

Articles of Aluminium.

Novel uses said to have been found for aluminium are for a folding pocket scale one meter long; a necktie made of metal, frosted or otherwise ornamented, in various shapes, imitating the ordinary silk or satin article, which is recommended for summer wear; and military helmets.

ON THE BARGAIN COUNTER.

A FIRM in Augusta, Me., sends to potteries abroad photographs of places of note, and these views are artistically reproduced on pieces of china.

AN English officer has discovered a working telephone between two temples of Panj in India. The system is said to have been in operation for over two thousand years.

A SPECIAL mouthpiece for public telephones has been introduced in Germany with the object of avoiding the spread of diseases carried by the condensed moisture of the breath.

A BABY carriage, designed especially for the use of those who live in flats, which can be folded together, so that one person can handily carry it up and downstairs, is a New York invention.

THE mixture of cotton and wool in the manufacture of cloth has been learned so thoroughly that feeling will not detect the presence of cotton. A piece of the goods boiled in a solution of caustic potash will leave only the cotton fiber intact.

Wood pulp has been put to many uses, but the most extraordinary is in adulterating woolen yarn. A way of spinning the pulp has been discovered, and the product can be combined with wool in making yarn, in the proportion of one part of wood to two parts of wool. Much of this composite yarn is said to have been made into hosiery, and few complaints as to wear have been received.

NEW AND BRIGHT.

"SHE is a great favorite with the male sex." "Yes." "Why doesn't she marry?" "Her numerous engagements prevent her."—N. Y. Press.

"CAN I see you apart for a moment?" "You mean alone, don't you?" "Yes; a loan—that's it, exactly. I want to borrow five."—Indianapolis Journal.

POSSIBLE PURCHASER—"Now, is this mule perfectly gentle?" Uncle Mose—"Well, sah, I nebbah knowed him to bite anybody yit."—Cincinnati Tribune.

PATIENT—"Can you tell me, doctor, the cause of baldness?" Physician—"Nothing easier, sir. It is due to the falling out of the hair. Will you pay now, or shall I put it down to your account?"—Boston Transcript.

HE—"Suppose I should ask your father if I could marry you. Do you think I would stand any chance?" She—"No. Your case would be hopeless." He—"Do you think he would really say no?" She—"Not that, but he would leave it to me."—Judge.

SPORTS.

GEORGE GOULD'S expenses this season for the Atalanta and Vigilant are estimated at nearly four hundred thousand dollars.

PERHAPS the best lady shot at the present day is Lady Eva Quin, wife of Capt. Wynham, heir presumptive to the earl of Dunraven.

BICYCLIST ZIMMERMAN'S great success is said to be due to his abnormally large heart, which is declared by the doctors "an actual giant." He has got a new lease of the old Drury Lane theater in London for seven years, and the historical playhouse is, therefore, sure to see the next century.

A GRANDDAUGHTER of John C. Calhoun, the southern statesman, has just made a success in France, playing in French with a French company the role of "Hermione" in Racine's "Andromaque."

STARTING IN LIFE.

DIOCLETIAN, the Roman emperor, was born in slavery and obtained his freedom by service in the army.

LUTHER'S father was a miner, and the future reformer often earned a supper by singing in the streets.

JAMES MADISON was very fond of his books, and at an early age acquired a high reputation for learning.

HORNE TOOKE was fond of staying in his father's poultry shop, and liked to be intrusted with the business.

ZACHARY TAYLOR was brought up on a farm. He was very thrifty, and soon had a stock of property in calves.

CHAUCER'S boyhood was passed in a wine vault, where he was required to wash barrels and clean wine casks.

LISZT was driven to the piano every day. For over fifteen years his daily practice covered ten to twelve hours.

OUR PUBLIC SERVANTS.

SENATOR JOHN SHERMAN has kept all his letters since he was fifteen years old.

SENATOR DOLPH, of Oregon, has never been seen to smile in the whole course of his service in the senate.

SENATOR BRICE, some time ago, walled up the front door in his house so as to have nothing but a carriage entrance.

IN 1831 President Andrew Jackson appointed Mr. W. H. Wallace to the post office at Jefferson, O. Though eighty-four years old, the postmaster still holds the office.

JEFFERSON DAVIS MILTON, the newly-appointed chief of police of El Paso, Tex., is a son of John Milton, the confederate war governor of Florida, who committed suicide when he heard of Gen. Lee's surrender.

BORROWED MIRTH.

FORTUNE TELLER—"Your husband will be rich, handsome and clever." Brown (to fiancee)—"By Jove! wonderful! How did she guess it?"—From Sketch.

DEBUTANTE—"Don't you ever gossip or talk scandal?" Woman Hater—"No, I never discuss women."—N. Y. Journal.

MRS. HALE (just married)—"Maria, we will have eels as a second course for dinner." Maria—"How much ought I to get, ma'am?" "I think twelve yards will be sufficient."—Vogue.

AMATEUR POET—"It was at the time when my fiance jilted me that I discovered my poetic vein and—" Good Friend—"Yes, yes; a misfortune never comes alone."—Fliegende Blatter.

Ada—"Flo was just going down for the third time when Dr. Watson dived off a yacht and caught her." Grace—"And saved her life! Wasn't that wonderful?" Ada—"Yes, for a doctor."—Life.

MISTRESS—"Did you tell the lady I was out?" Ward—"Yes, ma'am." Mistress—"Did she seem to have any doubts about it?" Ward—"No, ma'am. She said she knew you wasn't."—Harlem Life.

"BUT what is this new story like?" "Like? Never was anything like it. That's the reason it's so delightfully absurd, don't you know. There isn't a natural character or a probable situation in it. Oh, you must read it."—Boston Transcript.

THE WOMEN.

LADY BROOKE has about 20 small Japanese spaniels, worth $300 each.

MRS. GEORGE W. CHILDS, widow of the Philadelphia editor, has arranged for the building of a palatial mansion in Washington.

MRS. S. E. TAYLOR, a Georgia preacher, is said to surpass Sam Jones in the plainness and persuasiveness of her pulpit eloquence.

THE widow of Senator Hearst, of California, is said to be the most heavily insured woman in this country. She has policies amounting to $300,000 on her life.

COURTING WITH A FLUTE.

A Method in Use Among the Sioux Tribe of Indians.

Courting by means of the flute is very popular among the Sioux Indians. The flute is made of willow or some other wood that has a bark easily detached, and is usually about a foot in length. It has several perforations through the bark, each of which represents a musical note. The sound produced, though somewhat shrill and fife-like, is not unpleasant to the ear. The Indian youth who desires a wife first mentally fixes his choice upon some maiden of his tribe.

Then, some pleasant evening, he takes his flute and strolls through the village in the direction of the tepee of the maiden's father. He stations himself in a convenient spot, about fifty or sixty yards from her abode, and then, drawing the reed from beneath his blanket begins to play a plaintive strain.

While the young man is discoursing these strains the maiden has remained quietly within her father's lodge, listening to the serenade with characteristic Indian composure. When it becomes perfectly apparent to the father that his daughter is the object of this musical attention he steps to the edge of his wigwam, and, if it is dark, issues forth and cautiously creeps behind the youth and ascertains who he is.

Then he returns to his daughter and makes known his wishes in words something like this:

"Go, my child; he is a worthy Dakota, and will make you a good master." Or: "Remain, my daughter; he is not a desirable person."

The maiden, in obedience to her parent's wish, advances timidly toward her lover if he is favored, or, if the paternal judgment condemn him, withdraws into the dark recess of the tepee. In case the suit is favored and the daughter has gone out to meet the warrior, the young man, on seeing her approach, gives a triumphant "toot" upon his flute, and then, throwing down the instrument, rushes forward to greet her whom he has so easily won.—American Art Journal.

An Old Lady's Boast.

Those who have charge of charitable institutions for the aged poor will tell you that no topic is more pleasing to some poor old women than the discussion of their "better days," when they were the fortunate possessors of "everything heart could wish for," as they are apt to express it. One old lady never tires of describing the finery she had when she was a bride; another boasts of having once owned a "gold-band chany tea-set" and six "solid silver teaspoons;" while a third dwells at great length on the eleganee of a flowered silk gown and a satin parasol with fringe fifteen inches long that she once owned. One poor old woman never says anything until the others are done boasting. Then she calmly remarks: "Well, I never had no chany tea things, nor no silk gowns nor embroidered petticoats, nor open-work stockings, an' I'm like to know if any of you can beat *that*!"—Youth's Companion.

Undesirable Room.

At first sight it would seem that it must be an unreasonable man who would find fault with a house because it had one more room than was called for by the advertisement; but first sight is not always the best sight.

A real estate agent sent a customer to look at a five-room house, that being just the size he professed to want. The house proved to be sadly out of repair, and the prospective tenant went back to the agent's office.

"I didn't want a six-room house," he said.

"That isn't a six-room house," answered the agent.

"Yes, it is."

"But I say it is not," and the agent began counting. "There's the kitchen, dining-room, reception room and two bedrooms. That's five, isn't it?"

"Yes, but there's the room for improvement, and that's bigger than any two of the others," said the facetious customer. "Can't you show me something else?"—Youth's Companion.

Honesty in War.

The French marshal, Turenne, was a great general, and his character bears examination for nobility. He was a great man. Many incidents which are related of him show his modesty, generosity and honesty, as well as his courage and military ability. A little story of one of his German campaigns illustrates his rare scrupulousness even in time of war. The authorities of Frankfort believed, from the movements of his army, that he intended passing through their territory. They sent a deputation to him which offered him a large sum of money if he would alter the direction of his march, and leave Frankfort unmolested. They were surprised in more ways than one by his answer. "Gentlemen," he said, "my conscience will not permit me to accept your money, for I have never intended to lead my army through your town."—Youth's Companion.

Calling On an Expert.

"One of the funniest instances I ever knew to occur in court," says a veteran official of Penobscot county, "happened years ago when Judge Perham presided in the court of common pleas. An old Irishman, a resident of Bangor, was an important witness in a case, and both he and the lawyers who were trying to examine him were having a hard time of it. He perspired freely under the ordeal of examination and was evidently wishing it well over, when the door at the rear of the courtroom opened and in came a little sharp-eyed old Irish woman. The witness saw her and a look of intense relief spread over his features as he blurted out: 'There! There is me old woman come in. Ax her some of your dum foolish questions. She kin take care o' ye.'"—Lewiston Journal.

A Diverting Decision.

The mayor of Folkestone, England, is also a committing magistrate, and some years ago, when Mr. Baker occupied that responsible position, his decisions were always honest, but highly diverting. One day a boy was brought before his honor on the charge of stealing gooseberries. Baker turned over the pages of Burns' "Justice," but not being able so find the article he wanted in the book, which is alphabetically arranged, he lifted up his spectacles and addressed the culprit thus: "My lad, it's very lucky for you that, instead or stealing gooseberries, you were not brought here for stealing a goose. There is a statute against stealing geese, but I can't find anything about gooseberries in this book. So, let the prisoner be discharged, for I suppose it is no offense." And so the culprit escaped to his joy and the extreme delight of the audience.

Ship Rats.

Every vessel that floats has as part of her company a family of rats. They travel the world over, on both steam and sailing craft, but seldom make more than one voyage on the bulk oil carriers, as the cargo causes among them a distemper which not only injures the lungs of the rats but also changes the color of their hair.

PICKLES AND PRESERVES.

CHOW-CHOW.—Chop fine one peck green tomatoes, three onions and three peppers and boil three minutes and drain. Then take two cups of sugar, two quarts vinegar, one-half cup mustard and tablespoonful of cloves, two of cinnamon and three of salt; heat all together and pour on.

COLD CATSUP.—One peck ripe tomatoes peeled and drained over night. One small teacupful of salt, two tablespoonfuls black pepper, two horseradish roots, two tablespoonfuls of celery seed, one cupful of chopped onion, one tablespoonful each of cloves and cinnamon, one cup of mustard seed and two red peppers.

SPICED CHERRIES.—To four pounds of sugar allow one pint of vinegar and spices according to taste; dissolve the sugar in the vinegar and heat till boiling, then pour it on the cherries and let stand three or four days. Then scald the juice and cherries together and again let them stand three or four days, after which boil down the juice alone until there is just enough to cover the cherries.

MARMALADES.—Cut into pieces ripe and luscious fruit and place with sugar in layers in the preserving kettle, putting fruit in the bottom and allowing three-quarters of a pound of sugar to a pound of fruit. If the fruit is not juicy enough add water and stir frequently with a wooden spoon to prevent burning. When done it will look clear and glossy, and a portion set to cool in a saucer will thicken.—Farm, Field and Fireside.

THE SCULPTORS.

A STATUE of Shelley, the work of the sculptor Lucchesi, will be unveiled at Viareggio, the place where his body came ashore.

MR. FRANKLIN SIMMONS, the American sculptor at Rome, has just finished and sent to the United States a statue of Gen. Grant, which will be erected at the capitol at Washington.

DURING the visit of the British association to Oxford a statue of the great physician Sydenham, who was an Oxford man, was presented to the university museum by the warden and two former fellows of All Souls'.

BESIDES the monument to be erected to him in Balliol college chapel, a marble bust of Prof. Jowett will be placed in the Bodleian library, of which he was for forty years a curator. It will be the work of Mr. H. Pinker, for whom the late master of Balliol sat repeatedly during the last years of his life.

CAIN, the sculptor, just before he died expressed the wish to give the city of Paris his last study in bronze, an eagle and vulture fighting over the body of a bear, which was exhibited at the salon in 1891, and at the world's fair at Chicago. It will be set up in the square Montholon, where the artist used to play when a child.

NICKNAMES.

JOSEPH HUME, the politician, was cold people.

JUBAL A. EARLY was called the Bad Old Man by the troops of the confederate army, on account of his fighting qualities.

ALDIORONTI PHOSCOPHORNIO was a nickname given by Walter Scott to his pompous friend, John Ballantyne, the publisher.

ATTILA was called the Scourge of God, from an expression of his own: "Where my horse has trodden no grass will ever grow."

WILLIAM PITT was called the Bottomless Pitt, because of the skill with which he concealed his plans until ready to reveal them.

RABELAIS was called the Father of Ridicule, the Phœnix of Wit and the Lucian of France, from the pungent character of his satire.

THE IGUANA.

A Snake Story That Comes from the Sunny South.

In South America, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, snakes are very numerous, but their enemies are numerous. Perhaps the most notable of these snake killers is the large lizard known as the iguana. The iguana is no mean adversary, as may be judged from the fact that dogs which attack one often come off with a broken leg. The lizard does not wait for the snake to take the offensive, but goes swiftly in pursuit, and being very rapid in its motions, rarely has any difficulty in overtaking its victim, which it dispatches with blows from its powerful tail. I remember a funny experience I had with one of these lizards which clearly illustrates its hatred for snakes. I was riding with a friend in search of cattle. My lasso was attached to the saddle and the end trailed along the ground behind me. A big iguana lay in the sun apparently asleep. It paid no attention to my horse as it passed, but the next instant it raised its head and fixed its attention on the twenty feet of lasso slowly trailing by. Suddenly it rushed after the rope and dealt it a succession of violent blows with its tail. When the whole of the lasso, several yards of which had been pounded in vain, had been dragged by, the lizard with uplifted head continued to gaze after it with evident astonishment. Never before had such a wonderful snake crossed its path.

THE GERMAN'S JOKE.

The Cute Smoker Plays His Game and Has It Returned.

The following "Fraud Upon an Insurance Company," in the Deutsche Tabak-Zeitung, is certainly just a little too good to be true: A cunning fellow, who wanted to smoke the best cigars at the cheapest possible cost, bought one thousand cigars of the highest quality and corresponding price, and immediately insured the whole stock. When he had smoked the last of them he demanded seven hundred and fifty marks from the insurance company on the ground that the whole of his insured stock, ten boxes of cigars, had been consumed by fire! The Solomonic court decided in favor of the plaintiff.

The company then brought an action of conspiracy against the smoker, accusing him of having intentionally put fire to his own cigars and deliberately destroyed his property. Hereupon the same wise court condemned the insured smoker to three month's imprisonment.

HOUSEKEEPERS DO YOU KNOW?

THAT the oftener flour is sifted for sponge cake the lighter it will be?

THAT lemon juice and salt is the best thing for removing iron rust?

THAT you can easily get the creak out of a door by rubbing the hinges with a soft lead pencil?

THAT badly soiled rattan chairs may be easily cleaned by washing them in hot milk in which a little salt has been dissolved?

THAT you can easily keep bread, cake and apple tins free from an ill flavor by always washing them in hot water after using?

THAT tea and coffee pots may easily be kept clean and sweet by filling them with cold water once in two weeks or so to which has been added a teaspoonful of common baking soda. Let it boil slowly for two hours, then wash and rinse?

FROM THE

SHEEP TO THE MAN!

Dutchess Trousers

Captured the medals at the World's Fair, 1893. Whatever the posture, style and ease are the same Always in shape at work or in play.

WE KNOW WHAT THE TRADE DEMANDS AND MEET IT.

The manufacturers authorize us to give with every pair sold this unheard of

WARRANTY.

You may buy a pair of Dutchess Wool Trousers at

$2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00,

And wear them two months. For every suspender button that comes off we pay you ten cents. If they rip at the waistband we pay you fifty cents If they rip in the seat or elsewhere we pay you one dollar or give you a new pair.

Best in the World. **Try a Pair.**

For Sale By!

MULLEN, the CLOTHIER,

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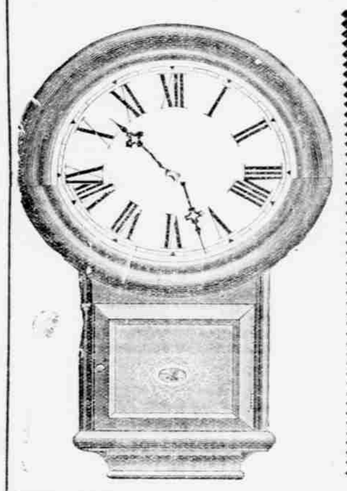
CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—



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SOLE AGENT FOR THE

CELEBRATED ROCKFORD

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Columbia and Fredonia Watches

In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY ALWAYS ON HAND.

☞ My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere. ☜

☞ All work guaranteed. ☜

CARL RIVINIUS.

Nothing On Earth Will

MAKE HENS LAY.

LIKE

Sheridan's Condition Powder!

KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS

Strong and Healthy; Prevents all Disease.

Good for Moulting Hens.

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In spare time costs tenth of a cent a day. No other one-fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. One large can saved me $40, send six cents to prevent fraud. Says one customer. **If you can't get it send 'to us. Ask first.** Sample for 2 cts. in stamps, 6 cans, express, $1. Large 2 1/2 can, by mail, $1.25. Six large cans, $5 express prepaid. Sample copy of **The Best Poultry Paper** sent free. Farm-Poultry one year (price 50c.) and large can $1.00. L. JOHNSON & CO., 29 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

FOR ARTISTIC

JOB PRINTING

TRY THE FREEMAN.

TO HAVE HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE IN ORDER.

DR. SANFORD'S

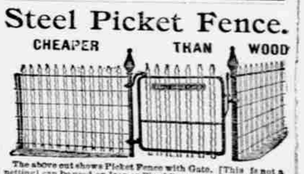
LIVER INVIGORATOR

Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria. More Ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine.

YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

Steel Picket Fence.

CHEAPER THAN WOOD



The above cut shows Picket Fence with Gate. (This is not a netting) can be used on Iron or Wood Posts. When writing for prices give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters and FIRE ESCAPES, Cellar Doors, and Railings, Brass and Iron Grills, WIRE DOOR AND WINDOW SCREENS, and all Kinds of WIRE WORK.

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CARTS & HARNESS

$37 Top Buggy $47. We Cut the $50 Phaeton " $64 PRICES and $75 4 Pass. Top Surrey " $85 outsell ALL $50 Road Wagon, $55 competitors. $16 Road Cart $8.50 Buy of factory Buggy Harness $5.85 for y and save $10 Buggy " $4.75 Middleman's $30 Team " $12 to profit. Morgan Saddle, $1.65 Cat'g'e Free.

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RHEUMATIC LINIMENT

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PAIN - EXTRACTOR

CURES

RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, NEURALGIA, TOOTHACHE, BACKACHE, CATARRH,

AND ALL KINDS OF

PAINS AND ACHES.

Larrabee's Rheumatic Liniment is an old and valued remedy, which has enjoyed a constant patronage for over 60 years, proving its wonderful worth and efficiency in all ailments where pain is attendant.

Larrabee's Rheumatic Liniment is not a liquid preparation to soil and tarnish by breaking; it is put up in wide-mouth bottles and applied with the finger, rubbing it in with more or less friction. It is

CLEAN, PURE,

EFFICACIOUS,

AGREEABLY SMELLING,

QUICK ACTING.

Larrabee's Rheumatic Liniment is a splendid household remedy for external use in cases of burns, scalds, cuts, wounds, frostbites, headache, pains in muscles, joints and limbs, backache, etc., etc. Your druggist sells it, or it can be ordered by sending full name and address and 25 cents to below address,

SOLE PROPRIETORS.

Winkelmann & Brown Drug Co.

BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A.

ASK YOUR HORSESHOER FOR THE

NEVERSLIP

THE ONLY SHOE FOR WINTER USE.

It ABSOLUTELY prevents slipping, and insures perfect safety and comfort to horse and driver.

Shod with the "Neverslip," your horse's feet are always in good condition—kept so by not having to constantly remove the shoes for sharpening.

The CALKS are REMOVABLE,

Steel-Centered and SELF-SHARPENING

When worn out new Calks can be easily inserted without removing shoes, saving an immense amount of time usually lost at the blacksmith shop.

On receipt of postal will mail free our descriptive circular containing prices of Calked Shoes, ready to be nailed on, for trial, offered this winter at very low prices.

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DR. MORITZ SALM.

This eminent Physician has devoted a lifetime to his Specialty —Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lung and Chronic Diseases.

The Doctor has been for years a Professor and lecturer in several of our largest Medical Colleges, and has earned great fame as an author and authority on subjects connected with his specialty.

CAMBRIA HOUSE, EBENSBURG, PA.,

Mondays, January 1, 29; February 26, March 26, April 23, May 21, June 18, July 16, August 13, September 10, October 8, November 5, December 3 and 31 till 3 P. M.

THE CAPITAL HOTEL, JOHNSTOWN, PA.,

Opposite the Pennsylvania Depot.

Tuesdays, January 2, 30; February 27, March 27, April 24, May 22, June 19, July 17, August 14, September 11, October 9, November 6, December 4.

ALL EYE OPERATIONS SUCCESSFULLY PERFORMED BY HIM

A Case of Deafness of Over 25 Years Standing Cured by Dr. Salm.

For 25 years or more my hearing has been bad, my left ear almost deaf. I have been under Dr. Salm's treatment for the past five months, and my hearing has been very greatly improved, in fact the change has been remarkable. I am still under treatment and hope for an entire cure. Gratefully, ISAAC HERSON.

Bedford, Pa., Sept. 19, 1894

On account of the very vague explanation of the above, I give the history of the case in detail. About 30 years ago Mr. Pierson, on account of catarrh, became so hard of hearing in his left ear that the same might not have been there at all for the actual services it did him. The right one for the last 20 years became worse and worse, and he took some very loud talking for him to understand you. Now, after five months' treatment, he can hear again with the totally use one ear, so as to say deaf for 20 years, conversation and even whispers again, and his right ear is almost as good as any good ear might be. Friends who know him will testify to the correctness of my statement. DR. M. SALM.

Felt Like Dying Rather Than to Stand the Agony Much Longer, But Was Cured By Dr. Salm.

For five years I have had kidney, stomach and liver trouble. The fearful pains in my back, and bladder I had during that time made me often wish for death. I could hardly work, sleep or rest, and had to go out regularly every night one or five times to void urin. Could hardly eat and when I tried a little of something it made me ill, and after hour of our best physicians had failed to cure me, I thought it was about time to do Some of my friends, however, advised me to go to Dr. Salm, who had performed so many wonderful cures in this part of the country. After I had taken his treatment four days I found it did me some good. I have taken his treatment now for six months and can enjoy life once more, and I would advise all my friends to go to this eminent doctor to get cured, after other physicians fail. Yours gratefully, ELIAS ZERFOSS.

Somerset, Pa.

Given Eye Sight and Relieved in Two Weeks of Years of Suffering by Dr. Salm.

For over 12 years my eyesight began to fail, turning 16, and consequently they refused to fit me with eye-ball, keeping the same always very painful. In and of to Salm, and after I had to have the eye lashes pulled out, which I did, As the result of all this my eyesight was totally blind, and the right one was going the same way rapidly. I put myself under the treatment of Dr. Salm, and to-day I am happy to say that I am not troubled any more with the eyes, they grow in their proper place, and the sight of the right eye has improved to a great extent. I am wonderfully cured.

Coburn, Pa. JAMES BRELL.

Inward Trouble Cured by Dr. Salm.

I have suffered with inward trouble and misery all my life, but am happy to say that Dr. Salm has entirely cured me. JENNIE DUNKLE.

Manorville, Pa., July 19, 1894.

Catarrh and Lung Trouble Cured by Dr. Salm.

For nearly 5 years I have had a bad cough, trouble and catarrh. I was treated by three of our best physicians but grew worse and worse, until I was recommended to try Dr. Salm by one of his patients whom he had cured of a similar trouble. I despaired of ever getting cured. Cancers, tumor, fibroids, and all growths cured without the use of the knife or caustics. No cutting, no disfigurement. Many of my friends, however, advised me to go to Dr. Salm, who had performed so many wonderful cures in this part of the country. After I had taken his treatment four days I found it did me some good. I have taken his treatment now for six months and can enjoy life once more, and I would advise all my friends to go to this eminent doctor to get cured, after other physicians fail. Yours gratefully, ELIAS ZERFOSS.

Somerset, Pa.

Manhood perfectly restored. Impotency and certain forms of Sterility cured. Night losses, weak and nervous men, use my Electric Belt for prostatitis, varicocele and piles. Either sex, whether from imprudent habit or excessive use, all functions speedily and permanently restored. New method Electricity. Failure impossible. Every one else in the world positively and permanently treated by a never failing method.

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TAKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to the OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG

PROPRIETOR.

ELKHART CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO.

$11.00

No. 37. Surrey Harness.

$37.50

No. 1816. Top Buggy.

$43.00

No. 3. Farm Wagon.

Have sold to consumers for 21 years, saving them the dealer's profit. We are the Oldest and Largest manufacturers in America selling Vehicles and Harness this way—sole agents in every town to examine our work before paid. We pay freight both ways if not satisfactory. Warranted for 2 years. Why pay an agent $25 to $50 to order for you? Write your own order. Buy direct and save money. Catalogue free. We take all risk of damage in shipping.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Spring Wagons, $23 to $50, Guaranteed Surreys, $65 to $100 same as sell for $100 to $150. Top Buggies, $37.50, a beauty at $43.50. Phaetons, $66 to $125, same as sell for $125 to $175. Open Buggies, $23.50. Wagonettes, $45. Milk and Depot Wagons and Road Carts. BICYCLES FOR BOYS, MEN & CHILDREN.

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No. 50. Safety.

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No. 1. Farm Harness.

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No. 37. Road Wheel.

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